

SUICIDE PREVENTION, INTERVENTION, AND POSTVENTION POLICY

PURPOSE:

At Para Los Niños, the health, safety, and well-being of our students, including mental health and wellness, must be a top priority in our schools. We recognize that suicide is a major cause of death among youth and should be taken seriously. By working together, we can increase awareness of the mental health issues our students face and reduce the number of student suicides. To attempt to reduce suicidal behavior and its impact on students, families, and stakeholders, Para Los Niños has developed this policy to codify preventive strategies and intervention procedures.

This policy covers actions that take place in the school, on school property and at off-site school-sponsored functions and activities. This policy applies to the entire school community, including educators, school and district staff, students, parents/guardians, and volunteers. This policy will also cover appropriate school responses to suicidal or high risk behaviors that take place outside of the school environment.

APPROACH:

1. Prevention and Instruction

Para Los Niños recognizes suicide prevention is most effective when students, staff, parents, and community members have adequate information about prevention. Suicide prevention strategies may include, but not be limited to, efforts to promote a positive school climate that enhances students' feelings of connectedness with the school and is characterized by caring staff and harmonious interrelationships among students. This policy shall compliment Para Los Niños' comprehensive wellness program by promoting the healthy mental, emotional, and social development of students including, but not limited to, the development of problem-solving skills, coping skills, and self-esteem.

As an organization, Para Los Niños has developed Crisis Response Teams at each of the charter schools. The Crisis Response Teams are multidisciplinary teams of primarily administrative, mental health, safety professionals, and support staff whose primary focus is to address crisis preparedness, intervention/response and recovery. These professionals have been specifically trained in crisis preparedness through recovery and take the leadership role in developing crisis plans, ensuring school staff can effectively execute various crisis protocols, and may provide mental health services for effective crisis interventions and recovery supports.

Suicide prevention instruction will be implemented as follows:

Students:

Suicide prevention education will be taught in 6th grade – 8th grade Advisory Classes. It is recommended that these lessons are taught in September (to coincide with Suicide Awareness month) and March (to coincide with Self-Injury Awareness month). All students will be expected to create a school culture of respect and support in which students feel comfortable seeking help for themselves or friends. Students are encouraged to tell any staff member if they, or a friend, are feeling suicidal or in need of help. They should know that because of the life or death nature of these matters, confidentiality or privacy concerns are secondary to seeking help for students in crisis.

Staff:

It is expected that all school staff will review this policy and accompanying protocols before or near the beginning of the school year. Training will be provided for all teachers, school administration, afterschool staff, and other staff, including the following information:

- Background on the scope of the problem of youth suicide;
- o Information about the signs of stress and depression and where to send students for help;
- o Information on risk factors for suicide;
- o Information about signs of suicidal thinking;
- Step by step process on what to do when you encounter a student who exhibits risk of self-harm, verbalizes or writes suicidal ideation or exhibits immediate risk of self-harm/suicide.

In addition to this training, teachers will be invited to attend the Integrated Services meeting upon submitting an IS Referral to further discuss concerns.

Students' Families:

Parents and guardians play a key role in preventing youth suicide. Parents/guardians need to learn the warning signs and risk factors for suicide. This information helps them connect their children to mental health professionals when appropriate. In partnership with the Family Advocate Coordinator and Mental Health team, an annual parent/family training will be offered that will include information on:

- o Background on the scope of the problem of youth suicide;
- Information about the signs of stress and depression and a parent's role in helping;
- Information on risk factors for suicide;
- 0 Information about signs of suicidal thinking;
- o Information about parenting and communication strategies for suicide prevention;
- o Information about when and how to intervene when signs of suicidal thinking appear;
- Resources in the school and community for families that need help.

Families will also be informed about the services available at Para Los Niños including mental health services, parenting groups and workshops. The contact information for the school's Family Advocate will be provided so parents/caregivers have a contact at their school to help link them to appropriate services for their child.

2. Intervention

From time to time, it will come to a staff member's attention that a student is experiencing a crisis that may include suicidal thinking or behavior. The following procedures will be observed when this occurs:

- All staff members must take threat of self-harm and suicidal behavior seriously every time!
- If the information comes directly from the student, expressed either verbally or through behavior, the staff member will obtain basic information from the student about the crisis. The staff member will then contact a member of the Crisis Response Team. If there is no member of the Crisis Response Team present, the Office Manager will contact a staff from the Mental Health team.
 - Mental Health Team
 - 0 Judi Stadler, LCSW
 - o Maricsa Evans, LMFT
 - o Claudia Villalta, LMFT

- Elaine Bagorio, LMFT
- o Evelyn Coria, LMFT
- If the information comes from another person such as a peer or a parent, the staff member will immediately contact a member of the Crisis Response team to meet with the student to further assess. If no one from the Crisis Response team is available, the Office Manager will contact a member of the Mental Health team who will schedule a meeting with the student and further assess risk.
- The Crisis Response team/Mental Health team member will further discuss the situation with the student to obtain information about the crisis and assess their needs.
- If the student reveals mental health concerns and/or suicidal ideation, the Mental Health team or School Psychologist/Social Worker will perform a suicide risk assessment using Para Los Niños' Risk Assessment Protocol (see Appendix).
- If immediate support is needed, staff would reach out to Psychiatric Mobile Response Team (PMRT) or call 911.

3. Postvention

Para Los Niños recognizes that suicide is a crisis that affects the entire school community. In the event of a student's death by suicide, it is critical that the school's response be swift, consistent, and intended to protect the student body and community from suicide contagion. The following actions will be taken immediately following the news of an incident:

- Confirm the news and convene the Crisis Team;
- Before school begins on the first day, a staff meeting will be held to debrief the faculty and staff to review the crisis response plan, discussion of the day's procedures, and assignment of appropriate roles. The staff meeting will include information about the verifiable facts of the situation and opportunity for faculty and staff to ask questions.
- During the school day on the first day following the incident, the building administrator will distribute a short announcement to be read by all classroom teachers at the beginning of the school day. This statement should not be made in an assembly or over the school's public address system. The statement will summarize the facts of the situation, the school's response plan, and the importance of seeking immediate help from an adult if a student or their peer is in crisis. Communication should also go to students' families by letter. At the conclusion of this first school day, there will be another all-staff meeting to debrief the day.
- After the first day, the "Safe Room" will be open for multiple days after the incident if student need continues. However, the school will return to a normal schedule as quickly as possible, with accommodations available for students who have been identified as at elevated risk. Students identified as at risk will receive extra support and observation during these times as well.

CONCLUSION:

Para Los Niños recognizes that one outcome of quality postvention will be enhanced and improved by strong prevention. When postvention in the aftermath of the crisis has been completed, the Crisis Response Team, including members of Administration will convene to determine whether adjustments need to be made in the school's prevention plan moving forward.



PREVENCIÓN DEL SUICIDIO, INTERVENCIÓN, Y PÓLIZA DE POSTVENCIÓN

En Para Los Niños, la salud, seguridad y prosperidad de nuestros estudiantes, incluyendo la salud mental y su bienestar, deben ser una prioridad en nuestras escuelas. Reconocemos que el suicidio es una de las principales causas de muerte entre jóvenes y debe tomarse en serio. Trabajando juntos, podemos aumentar la conciencia sobre los problemas de salud mental que enfrentan nuestros estudiantes y reducir el número de suicidios estudiantiles. Para intentar reducir el comportamiento suicida y su impacto en los estudiantes, sus familias y demás, Para Los Niños ha desarrollado esta política para codificar estrategias preventivas y procedimientos de intervención.

Esta política cubre las acciones que se llevan a cabo en la escuela, en todos sus predios y en las funciones y actividades auspiciadas por la escuela. Esta política se aplica a toda la comunidad escolar, incluyendo educadores, personal escolar y de distrito, estudiantes, padres / tutores y voluntarios. Esta política también cubrirá las respuestas apropiadas de la escuela a los comportamientos suicidas o de alto riesgo que tienen lugar fuera del entorno escolar.

ABORDAJE:

1. Prevención e instrucción

Para los Niños reconoce que la prevención del suicidio es más efectiva cuando los estudiantes, el personal escolar, los padres y los miembros de la comunidad tienen información adecuada sobre la prevención. Las estrategias de prevención del suicidio pueden incluir, pero no limitarse a, los esfuerzos para promover un clima escolar positivo que realce el sentimiento de los estudiantes de estar conectados con la escuela y se caracterice por contar con personal atento e interrelaciones armoniosas entre los estudiantes. Esta política complementará el programa integral de bienestar de Para Los Niños, promoviendo el desarrollo mental, emocional y social de los estudiantes, incluyendo, sin limitarse, el desarrollo de habilidades para afrontar y resolver problemas, y aumentar la autoestima.

Como organización, Para Los Niños ha desarrollado "Equipos de respuesta a la crisis" en cada una de nuestras escuelas semi-autónomas [charter]. Los "Equipos de respuesta a la crisis" son equipos multidisciplinarios principalmente de personal administrativo, de salud mental, de seguridad y personal de apoyo, cuyo objetivo principal es abordar la preparación para la crisis, la intervención / respuesta y la recuperación. Estos profesionales han sido capacitados específicamente en la preparación para situaciones de crisis; Esto mediante la recuperación y asumiendo un papel de liderazgo en el desarrollo de planes contra la crisis, asegurando que el personal de la escuela pueda ejecutar efectivamente varios protocolos durante la crisis.

La instrucción para la prevención del suicidio se implementará de la siguiente manera: *Estudiantes:*

La educación para la prevención del suicidio se impartirá en las Clases de asesoramiento del 6º grado al 8º grado. Se recomienda que estas lecciones se enseñen en septiembre (coincidiendo con el mes de Concientización del Suicidio) y marzo (coincidiendo con el mes de Concientización del Auto-flagelo). Se espera que todos los estudiantes creen una cultura escolar de respeto y apoyo en la que ellos se sientan cómodos buscando ayuda para sí mismos o para sus amigos. Se anima a los estudiantes a decirle a cualquier miembro del personal escolar si ellos, o un amigo, se sienten suicidas o necesitan ayuda. Deben saber que, al buscar ayuda para estudiantes en crisis, debido a que esto es un tema de vida o muerte, la confidencialidad o

privacidad pasan a ser cosas secundarias.

Personal escolar:

Se espera que todo el personal de la escuela revise esta política y los protocolos que la acompañan antes o cerca del comienzo del año escolar. Se impartirá capacitación a todos los maestros, a la administración de la escuela, al personal de actividad postescolar y a todo otro personal escolar involucrado, incluyendo la siguiente información:

• Antecedentes sobre el problema del suicidio juvenil;

• Información sobre los signos de estrés y depresión, y dónde enviar a los estudiantes a pedir ayuda;

- o Información sobre los factores de riesgo hacia el suicidio;
- o Información sobre signos de pensamiento suicida;

• Proceso "paso a paso" sobre qué hacer cuando se encuentra con un estudiante que exhibe riesgo de autoflagelación, verbaliza o escribe ideas suicidas, o exhibe riesgo inmediato de automutilación o suicidio.

Además de esta capacitación, los maestros serán invitados a asistir a la reunión de Servicios Integrados (SI) al presentar una Referencia SI para discutir más sobre sus inquietudes y preguntas.

Familias de los estudiantes:

Los padres y tutores juegan un papel clave en la prevención del suicidio juvenil. Los padres y tutores necesitan aprender las señales de advertencia y los factores de riesgo hacia el suicidio. Esta información les ayuda a conectar a sus hijos con profesionales de la salud mental cuando sea apropiado. En asociación con el Coordinador de abogacía o defensor de la familia y el Equipo de salud mental, se ofrecerá una capacitación anual para padres o familia, que incluirá información sobre:

- Antecedentes sobre el problema del suicidio juvenil;
- Información sobre los signos de estrés y depresión, y dónde enviar a los estudiantes a pedir ayuda;
- Información sobre los factores de riesgo hacia el suicidio;
- Información sobre signos de pensamiento suicida;
- Información sobre las estrategias parentales y de comunicación para la prevención del suicidio;
- Información sobre cuándo y cómo intervenir cuando aparecen signos de pensamiento suicida;
- Recursos escolares y comunitarios para las familias que necesitan ayuda.

Las familias también serán informadas sobre los servicios disponibles en Para Los Niños, incluyendo servicios de salud mental, grupos de padres y talleres. Se dará información de contacto para el Defensor de la Familia de la escuela, para que los padres / encargados tengan un contacto en su escuela, y así ayudarles a que se conecten con los servicios adecuados para su hijo.

2. Intervención

De vez en cuando, algún miembro del personal escolar notará que un estudiante está experimentando una crisis que puede incluir el pensamiento o comportamiento suicida. Cuando esto ocurra, se seguirán los siguientes procedimientos:

- Todos los miembros del personal SIEMPRE deben tomar cualquier amenaza de autoflagelación o conducta suicida en serio
- Si la información proviene directamente del estudiante, expresada verbalmente, o a través del

comportamiento, el miembro del personal debe preguntarle al alumno información básica sobre la crisis. El miembro del personal entonces contactará a un miembro del Equipo de respuesta a la crisis. Si no hay alguien del Equipo de respuesta a la crisis, el Gerente de administración se comunicará con personal del equipo de salud mental.

- Equipo de salud mental
 - o Judi Stadler, LCSW
 - o Sharon Berg, PhD
 - o Jaime Chaignat, MFT
 - o Elaine Bagorio, MFT
 - o Coral Compagnoni, MFT
- Si la información procede de otra persona, como un compañero o un padre, el miembro del personal contactará inmediatamente a un miembro del equipo de respuesta a crisis para reunirse con el estudiante y evaluar más a fondo la situación. Si nadie del equipo de respuesta a la crisis está disponible, el gerente de la administración contactará a un miembro del equipo de salud mental, quien programará una reunión con el alumno y evaluará el riesgo más a fondo.
- El miembro del equipo de salud mental o de respuesta a las crisis, además hablará de la situación con el estudiante para obtener información acerca de la crisis y evaluar sus necesidades.
- Si el estudiante revela preocupaciones de salud mental y / o idealización suicida, el equipo de salud mental, o el psicólogo de la escuela, o el trabajador social, llevará a cabo una evaluación de riesgo suicida mediante el Protocolo de evaluación de riesgos de Para los Niños' (véase el apéndice)
- Si se necesita apoyo inmediato, el personal se comunicará con el Equipo de Respuesta Móvil Psiquiátrica (PMRT) o llamará al 911.

3. Postvención

Para Los Niños reconoce que el suicidio es una crisis que afecta a toda la comunidad escolar. En el caso de la muerte de un estudiante por suicidio, es crítico que la respuesta de la escuela sea rápida, consistente y tenga la intención de proteger al cuerpo estudiantil y a la comunidad contra el contagio del suicidio. Se tomarán las siguientes medidas inmediatamente después de la noticia de un incidente:

- Confirmar la noticia y convocar al Equipo de crisis;
- Antes que comience en el primer día escolar después del incidente, se llevará a cabo una reunión de personal para revisar el plan de respuesta a la crisis con el personal docente y administrativo, discutir los procedimientos del día, y la asignación de roles apropiados. La reunión de personal incluirá información sobre los hechos verificables de la situación y la oportunidad para que todos hagan preguntas;
- Durante el primer día escolar después del incidente, el administrador del edificio distribuirá un breve anuncio para ser leído por todos los maestros al comienzo del día escolar. Esta declaración no debe hacerse en una asamblea o por el sistema público de comunicación de la escuela. La declaración resumirá los hechos de la situación, el plan de respuesta de la escuela y la importancia de buscar ayuda inmediata de un adulto si un estudiante o su compañero está en crisis. La comunicación también debe dirigirse a las familias de los estudiantes por medio de una carta. Al final de este primer día escolar, habrá otra reunión de todo el personal para hacer un resumen del día;
- Después del primer día, la "Sala Segura" estará abierta durante varios días después del incidente si la necesidad del estudiante continúa. Sin embargo, la escuela volverá a un horario normal tan pronto como sea posible, con los alojamientos disponibles para los estudiantes que han sido identificados

como de alto riesgo. Los estudiantes identificados en riesgo también recibirán apoyo adicional y observación durante esos tiempos.

CONCLUSIÓN:

Para Los Niños reconoce que el resultado de calidad de la postvención será mejorado y afianzado por medio de una fuerte prevención. Cuando se haya completado la postvención después de la crisis, el Equipo de Respuesta a la crisis, incluyendo los miembros de la Administración, se reunirán para determinar si es necesario realizar ajustes en el plan futuro de prevención de la escuela.



TITLE:	Suicide Prevention, Intervention and Postvention (Students) ROUTING All Employees	
NUMBER:	BUL-2637.2 All Locations	
ISSUER:	Thelma Meléndez de Santa Ana, Ph.D. Chief Executive Officer Office of Educational Services	
	Erika F. Torres Executive Director Student Health and Human Services	
DATE:	November 14, 2016	
POLICY:	The Los Angeles Unified School District (LAUSD) is committed to providing a safe, civil and secure school environment. It is the District's charge to respond appropriately to a student expressing or exhibiting suicidal ideation or behaviors and to follow-up in the aftermath of a death by suicide.	
	This policy is applicable to all schools, District and sc all areas within the District's jurisdiction.	hool-related activities and in
MAJOR CHANGES:	For support and consultation, contact School Mental Health Crisis Counseling and Intervention Services (SMH CCIS) at (213) 241-3841 Monday-Friday (8:00 a.m4:30 p.m.). After hours, contact the Los Angeles School Police Department (LASPD) at (213) 625-6631.	
	This bulletin replaces BUL-2637.1 <i>Suicide Prevention, Intervention Postvention</i> , on the same subject issued by School Operations and Student Heat and Human Services, dated July 16, 2012.	
	 The following are major changes included in this bulletin: Clarification of guidelines and practices regarding when certificated accompany a student to the hospital (Page 7) Guidance for providing pertinent student information, including a summ of the incident and any related documents, when a student is transported a psychiatric evaluation (Page 7) The level of risk, No Known Current Risk, has been added as an option use when determining level of risk. Please note that assessing at this I still recommends action steps, including contacting the parent documenting on iSTAR (see Attachment C). Tables in the previous bulletin, including levels of risk, definitions, action plan options, have been moved to Attachments B and C. 	

- All attachments were revised and updated. For additional handouts and information in additional languages* please visit <u>https://suicideprevention.lausd.net</u>.
- With the exception of Attachments A1 and A2, attachments identified by letter and number, such as D1 and D2, signify that the first part (1) includes guidance and recommendations for how to complete the second part (2) which is the template or form. For ease of use, the templates and forms have been made fillable. Attachments A1 and A2 are abbreviated versions of the protocols outlined for responding to suicidal ideation and self-injury.
- The following new attachments have been added to this bulletin:
 - Attachment D1 *Recommendations for Developing a Student Safety Plan*
 - Attachment D2 Student Safety Plan template
 - Attachment G1 Completion of the Summary of Relevant Student Information
 - Attachment G2 Summary of Relevant Student Information template
 - Attachment H Return to School Information for Parent/Guardian*
 - Attachment J1 *Recommendations for RARD Completion on iSTAR*
 - Attachment K Sign-in Sheet Template for Meeting
 - Attachment M Suicide Prevention Awareness for Parents/Caregivers*
 - Attachment N Self-Injury Awareness for Parents/Caregivers*
- **PURPOSE:** The purpose of this bulletin is to outline administrative procedures for intervening with suicidal and self-injurious students and offer guidelines to school site crisis teams in the aftermath of a student death by suicide.
- **BACKGROUND:** In 2015, LAUSD's Youth Risk Behavior Survey indicated that: over 30% of high school students reported a prolonged sense of sadness or hopelessness every day for two or more continuous weeks; over 22% of middle school and 14% of high school students seriously considered attempting suicide; and 9.1% of middle school and 8.4% of high school students actually attempted suicide.

Suicide is a serious public health problem that takes an enormous toll on families, students, employees and communities. Suicide prevention involves the collective efforts of families/caregivers, the school community, mental health practitioners, local community organizations, and related professionals to reduce the incidence of suicide through education, awareness, and services. School personnel are instrumental in helping students and their families by identifying students at-risk and linking them to school and community mental health resources.

GUIDELINES: I. DEFINITIONS

Self-Injury

Self-injury is the deliberate act of harming one's own body, through means such as cutting or burning. Although self-injury often lacks suicidal intent, youth who self-injure are more likely to attempt suicide. For this reason, it is



crucial that students who engage in self-injury are assessed for suicide risk. Self-injury is an unhealthy way to cope with emotional pain, intense anger or frustration.

Warning Signs

Warning signs are behaviors that signal the possible presence of suicidal thinking. They might be regarded as cries for help or invitations to intervene. Warning signs indicate the need for an adult to immediately ascertain whether the student has thoughts of suicide or self-injury. Warning signs include: suicide threat (direct or indirect); suicide notes and plans; prior suicidal behavior; making final arrangements; preoccupation with death; and changes in behavior, appearance, thoughts and/or feelings.

II. <u>RESPONSIBILITIES OF DISTRICT EMPLOYEES</u>

All employees are expected to:

- Inform the school site administrator/designee immediately or as soon as possible of concerns, reports or behaviors relating to student suicide and self-injury.
- Adhere to the Suicide Prevention, Intervention and Postvention (SPIP) policy.
- A. Administrator or Designee should:
 - 1. Respond to reports of students at risk for suicide or exhibiting selfinjurious behaviors immediately or as soon as possible.
 - 2. Monitor and follow-up to ensure that the risk has been mitigated through support and resources.
 - 3. Ensure that the SPIP policy is implemented.
 - 4. Provide follow-up to relevant staff such as Local District Operations, as needed.
 - 5. Update iSTAR, as needed.
- B. Local District Administrators and Staff should:
 - 1. Be responsible for providing training and adherence for the SPIP policy.
 - 2. Designate Local District staff to ensure the implementation of the SPIP policy and provide guidance and support, as needed, to the school site.
- C. District Office Staff should:
 - 1. Support the SPIP policy by assisting Local Districts and schools with guidance and consultation, as needed.

III. **PREVENTION**

Suicide prevention involves school-wide activities and programs that enhance connectedness, contribute to a safe and nurturing environment, and strengthen protective factors that reduce risk for students. Suicide prevention



includes:

- A. Promoting positive school climate by reinforcing the BUL-6231.0, Discipline Foundation Policy: School-wide Positive Behavior Intervention Support.
- B. Increasing staff, student and parent/guardian knowledge and awareness of risk factors and warning signs of youth suicide and self-injury.
- C. Monitoring students' emotional state and well-being, as well as engaging students by providing structure, guidance, and fair discipline.
- D. Modeling and teaching desirable skills and behavior.
- E. Promoting access to school and community resources.

IV. INTERVENTION: PROTOCOL FOR RESPONDING TO STUDENTS AT RISK FOR SUICIDE

The following are general procedures for the administrator/designee to respond to reports of students at risk for suicide or exhibiting self-injurious behaviors. For an abbreviated version of the protocol outlined below, see Attachment A1 - Protocol for Responding to Students At Risk for Suicide.

The urgency of the situation will dictate the order and applicability in which the subsequent steps are followed.

- A. <u>Respond Immediately</u>
 - 1. Report concerns or incidents to the administrator/designee immediately or as soon as possible. Make direct contact with the administrator/designee. For example, do not wait until the end of the day or leave a note, send an e-mail, or leave a voicemail without ensuring that the message was received.
 - 2. Supervise the student at all times. Ensure that any student sent to the office for assessment is accompanied by a staff member, not a student.
- B. Secure the Safety of the Student
 - 1. For immediate, emergency life threatening situations call 911.
 - 2. Supervise the student at all times.
 - 3. If appropriate, conduct an administrative search of the student to ensure there is no access to means, such as razor blades or pills.
 - 4. If a student is agitated, unable to be contained or there is a need for immediate assistance, contact the LASPD at (213) 625-6631 or the local law enforcement agency.
 - 5. District employees should not transport students. This does not pertain to LASPD officers.
 - 6. If the school receives information that the student may pose a danger to self and/or others but is not in attendance, contact LASPD or local law enforcement to conduct a welfare check to determine the safety and well-being of the student.



- C. Assess for Suicide Risk
 - 1. The administrator/designee or designated school site crisis team member should gather essential background information that will help with assessing the student's risk for suicide (e.g., what the student said or did, information that prompted concern or suspicion, copies of any concerning writings, drawings, text messages, social media, or previous iSTAR history).
 - The administrator/designee or the designated school site crisis team member should meet with the student to complete a risk assessment. Based on the information gathered and assessment of the student, the assessing party should collaborate with at least one other designated school site crisis team member to determine the level of risk. See Attachment B - Suicide Risk Assessment Tool for questions to ask, levels of risk, definitions, and warning signs.
 - 3. If the assessing party makes phone calls for consultation, these should be made in a confidential setting and not in the presence of the student of concern. The student should be supervised at all times by another designated staff member.

The privacy of all students should be protected at ALL times. Disclose information only on right to know and need to know basis.

D. Communicate with Parent/Guardian

The administrator/designee or designated school site crisis team member should contact the parent/guardian or consult the emergency card for an appropriate third party. When communicating with parent/guardian:

- 1. Share concerns and provide recommendations for safety in the home (e.g., securing/removing firearms, medications, cleaning supplies, cutlery, razor blades).
- If the student is transported to the hospital, communicate a plan for re-entry pursuant to Attachment E – Student Re-Entry Guidelines. Complete and provide parent/guardian Attachment H – Return to School Information for Parent/Guardian which outlines steps to facilitate a positive transition back to school.
- 3. Provide school and/or local community mental health resources, including the nearest SMH Clinic or District Wellness Center. Students with private health insurance should be referred to their provider.
- 4. Facilitate contact with community agencies and follow-up to ensure access to services.
- 5. Provide a copy of Attachment M Suicide Prevention Awareness for Parents/Caregivers or Attachment N - Self-Injury Awareness for Parents/Caregivers.
- Obtain parent/guardian permission to release and exchange information with community agency staff using Attachment F Parent/Guardian Authorization for Release/Exchange of Information.



The assessing party should collaborate with at least one other designated school site crisis team member to determine appropriate action(s) based on the level of risk. Refer to Attachment C - Suicide Risk Assessment Levels, Warning Signs & Action Plan Options. Action items should be based upon the severity and risk of suicide. There are circumstances that might increase a student's suicide risk. Examples may include bullying, problems, suspension, expulsion. relationship significant loss, interpersonal conflict, or sexual orientation/gender bias (see Section VIII-Responding to Students Who May Be Lesbian, Gay Bisexual, Transgender, Queer/Questioning). The action plan determined should be documented and managed by the school site administrator/designee. Actions may include:

- Develop a safety plan. A safety plan is a prioritized list of coping strategies and resources that a student may use before, during, or after a suicidal crisis. See Attachment D1– Recommendations for Developing a Student Safety Plan and D2 – Student Safety Plan template.
 - a. Throughout the safety planning process, the likelihood of the student implementing the steps should be assessed and potential obstacles should be identified. A collaborative problem solving approach should be used to address any potential barriers to the student utilizing the safety plan.
 - b. If the student enrolls in a new school, the safety plan should be reviewed with the new school site crisis team to ensure continuum of care and revised as needed.
- 2. Follow student re-entry guidelines. See Attachment E, Student Reentry Guidelines for a checklist of action items to consider and Attachment K, Sign-in Sheet Template for Meeting to document participation in any re-entry or safety planning meeting.
 - a. A student returning to school following psychiatric evaluation or hospitalization, including psychiatric and drug/alcohol inpatient treatment, must have written permission by a licensed California health care provider to attend school (see Attachment I -Medical Clearance for Return to School).
 - b. If the student has been out of school for any length of time, including mental health hospitalization, the school site administrator/designee may consider holding a re-entry meeting with key support staff, parents, and student to facilitate a successful transition.
 - c. As appropriate, consider an assessment for special education for a student whose behavioral and emotional needs affect their ability to benefit from their educational program (see BUL-5577.1 *Counseling and Educationally Related Intensive Counseling Services (ERICS) for Students with Disabilities).*



- 3. Mobilize a support system and provide resources. See Attachment P Resource Guide.
 - a. Connect student and family with social, school and community supports.
 - b. For mental/physical health services, refer the student to School Mental Health, the nearest Wellness Center, a community resource provider, or their health care provider.
- 4. Monitor and manage.
 - a. The administrator/designee should monitor and manage the case as it develops and until it has been determined that the student no longer poses an immediate threat to self.
 - b. Maintain consistent communication with appropriate parties on a need to know basis.
 - c. If the parent/guardian is not following the safety recommendations, a suspected child abuse report may be filed. See BUL-1347.3 Child Abuse and Neglect Reporting Requirements.
- F. Important Considerations

The following are clarifications of some of the action plan options noted above:

1. When Certificated Staff Accompany a Student to the Hospital

If PMRT or law enforcement determines that the student will be transported to an emergency hospital/medical facility, the school site administrator should designate a certificated staff member to accompany the student if:

- a. The student requests the presence of a staff member.
- b. The school is unable to make contact with the parent/guardian.
- c. Parent/guardian is unavailable to meet the student at the hospital.
- d. Deemed appropriate pursuant to circumstances, such as age, developmental level, or pertinent historical student information.
- 2. Providing Information for a Psychiatric Evaluation

If the student will be transported, the assessing party should complete Attachment G2 – Summary of Relevant Student Information, indicating summary of incident and pertinent historical information. This document should be provided to PMRT or law enforcement prior to transporting to an emergency hospital. For information on how to complete Attachment G2, refer to Attachment G1 – Completion of the Summary of Relevant Student Information.

- G. Document All Actions
 - 1. The administrator/designee shall maintain records and documentation of actions taken at the school for each case by completing an incident report and Risk Assessment Referral Data (RARD) in the Incident System Tracking Accountability Report (iSTAR). For information on completing iSTAR reports with the issue type *Suicidal Behavior*, see



Attachment J1 – Recommendations for RARD Completion on iSTAR.

- 2. When documenting in iSTAR, include the 10-digit student identification number for the student in the *Persons Involved* tab. Any previous reports involving the student entered will be displayed in this tab, which may influence additional safety and action planning.
- 3. If the student is assessed by a member of the school site crisis response team who does not have reporting access to iSTAR, the school site crisis team member should complete Attachment J2 RARD and submit it to the school site administrator within 24 hours or by the end of the next school day, for submission on iSTAR. The RARD should not be mailed to School Mental Health.
- 4. Notes, documents and records related to the incident are considered confidential information and remain privileged to authorized personnel. These notes should be kept in a confidential file separate and apart from the student's cumulative records.
- 5. If a student for whom a RARD has been completed transfers to a school within or outside the District, the sending school may contact the receiving school to share information and concerns, as appropriate, to facilitate a successful supportive transition. To ensure a continuum of care within the District, a safety plan with the new school's crisis team should be developed.

V. INTERVENTION: PROTOCOL FOR RESPONDING TO STUDENTS WHO SELF-INJURE

Self-injury is the deliberate act of harming one's own body, through means such as cutting or burning. Although self-injury often lacks suicidal intent, youth who self-injure are more likely to attempt suicide. Therefore, it is important to assess students who cut or exhibit any self-injurious behaviors for suicidal ideation. For an abbreviated version of the protocol outlined below, see Attachment A2 - Protocol for Responding to Students Who Self-Injure.

- A. Warning Signs of Self-Injury
 - Frequent or unexplained bruises, scars, cuts or burns
 - Consistent, inappropriate use of clothing to conceal wounds (e.g., long sleeves or turtlenecks, especially in hot weather; bracelets to cover the wrists; not wanting to change clothing for Physical Education).
 - Possession of sharp implements (e.g., razor blades, shards of glass, thumb tacks)
 - Evidence of self-injury (e.g., journals, drawings, social networking sites)
- B. Protocol for Responding to a Student who Self-Injures
 - 1. Respond immediately or as soon as possible.
 - 2. Supervise the student.



- 3. Conduct an administrative search of student for access to means.
- 4. Assess for suicide risk using the protocol outlined in Section IV.
- 5. Communicate with and involve the parent/guardian, even if the student is not suicidal, so the behavior may be addressed as soon as possible. Provide handout Attachment N Self-Injury Awareness for Parents/Caregivers.
- 6. Encourage appropriate coping and problem-solving skills; do not shame the student about engaging in self-injury.
- 7. Listen calmly and with empathy; reacting in an angry, shocked or shaming manner may increase self-injurious behaviors.
- 8. Develop a safety plan with the student. See Attachment D1– Recommendations for Developing a Student Safety Plan and D2 – Student Safety Plan template.
- 9. Provide resources. See Attachment P Resource Guide.
- 10. Document all actions in the RARD on iSTAR; include student identification number in the Persons Involved tab of iSTAR.
- C. Self-Injury and Contagion

Self-injurious behaviors may be imitated by other students and can spread across grade levels, peer groups and schools. The following are guidelines for addressing self-injurious behaviors among a group of students:

- 1. Respond immediately or as soon as possible.
- 2. Respond individually to students, but try to identify peers and friends who may also be engaging in self-injurious behaviors.
- 3. As students are identified, they should be supervised in separate locations.
- 4. Each student should be assessed for suicide risk individually using the protocol outlined in Section IV.
- 5. If the self-injurious behavior involves a group of students, the assessment of each student individually will often identify a student whose behaviors have encouraged the behaviors of others. This behavior may be indicative of more complex mental health issues for this particular student.
- D. Other Considerations for Responding to Self-Injury and Contagion

The following are guidelines for how to respond as a school community when addressing self-injurious behaviors among a group of students:

- 1. Self-injury should be addressed with students individually and never in group settings, such as student assemblies, public announcements, school newspapers, or the classroom.
- When self-injurious behaviors are impacting the larger school community, schools may respond by inviting parent(s)/guardian(s) to an informational parent meeting at the school. Considerations should be made for supervising students and children during this time. The meeting should be reserved for parent(s)/guardian(s) only (see Attachment O Sample Letter to Parent/Guardian RE: Self-



Injury).

3. Consult and work with the Office of Communications (213) 241-6766 for dissemination of information regarding a parent meeting or other media matters, as needed.

VI. <u>SUSPECTED CHILD ABUSE OR NEGLECT</u>

If child abuse or neglect by a parent/guardian is suspected or there is reasonable suspicion that contacting the parent/guardian may escalate the student's current level of risk, or the parent/guardian is contacted and unwilling to respond, report the incident to the appropriate child protective services agency following the District's *Child Abuse and Neglect Reporting Requirements*, BUL-1347.3. This report should include information about the student's suicide risk level and any concerning ideations or behaviors. The reporting party must follow directives provided by the child protective services agency personnel.

VII. <u>RESPONDING TO STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES</u>

For students with disabilities whose behavioral and emotional needs are: documented to be more intense in frequency, duration, or intensity; affect their ability to benefit from their special education program; and are manifested at the school, at home, and in the community, follow guidelines as indicated in BUL-5577.1 *Counseling and Educationally Related Intensive Counseling Services (ERICS) for Students with Disabilities* and contact the Division of Special Education ERICS Department at (213) 241-8303 for assistance.

Self-injurious behaviors may be exhibited by students with profound disabilities without being indicative of suicide or suicidal ideation. Please follow District guidelines as indicated in BUL-6269.0, *Multi-Tiered System of Behavior Support for Students with Disabilities* and contact the Division of Special Education at (213) 241-6701 for further assistance.

VIII. <u>RESPONDING TO STUDENTS WHO MAY BE LESBIAN, GAY,</u> <u>BISEXUAL, TRANSGENDER, QUEER/QUESTIONING (LGBTQ)</u>

LGBTQ youth who are targets of bias, bullying or rejection at home or at school have elevated rates of suicidality, compared to non-LGBTQ youth. LGBTQ students with rejecting families have an eight-fold increased risk for suicidal ideation than do LGBTQ students with accepting families.

When working with LGBTQ youth, the following should be considered:

- A. Assess the student for suicide risk using the protocol in Section IV.
- B. Do not make assumptions about a student's sexual orientation or gender identity. The risk for suicidal ideation is greatest among students who are struggling to hide or suppress their identity.
- C. Be affirming. Students who are struggling with their identity are on alert



for negative or rejecting messages about sexual orientation and gender identity.

- D. Do not "out" students to anyone, including parent(s)/guardian(s). Students have the right to privacy about their sexual orientation or gender identity.
- E. Provide LGBTQ-affirming resources (see Attachment P Resource Guide).
- F. Ensure safe campuses (see BUL-6224.1 *Transgender Students Ensuring Equity and Nondiscrimination*).

IX. OTHER RELATED MATTERS

A. Responding to Threats and School Violence

For matters related to students exhibiting suicidal ideation and threatening or violent behaviors towards others, follow guidelines as indicated in BUL-5799.0 *Threat Assessment and Management (Student-to-Student, Student-to-Adult)* or contact the Local District Operations staff. If immediate assistance is needed, contact LASPD or local law enforcement.

B. Responding to Bullying and Hazing

For matters related to students expressing suicidal ideation in conjunction with reports of bullying or hazing, additional guidelines indicated in BUL-5212.2 *Bullying and Hazing Policy (Student-to-Student and Student-to-Adult)* should be followed or contact the Local District Operations staff.

C. Responding to Hate Violence

For matter related to students expressing suicidal ideation in conjunction with reports of hate-motivated violence, additional guidelines indicated in BUL-2047.1 *Hate-Motivated Incidents and Crimes – Response and Reporting* should be followed or contact the Local District Operations staff.

X. <u>POSTVENTION: PROTOCOL FOR RESPONDING TO A STUDENT</u> <u>DEATH BY SUICIDE</u>

The following are general procedures for the administrator/designee in the event of a death by suicide. See Attachment L, Postvention: Protocol for Responding to a Student Death by Suicide for an abbreviated version of the protocol indicated below.

- A. Gather Pertinent Information
 - 1. Confirm cause of death is the result of suicide, if this information is available.
 - 2. The administrator/designee should designate a certificated staff member to be the point of contact with the family of the deceased. Information about the cause of death should not be disclosed to the school community until the family has consented to disclosure.



- B. Notify on a Need to Know Basis
 - 1. Local District Operations Staff.
 - 2. Office of Communications (213) 241-6766.
 - 3. Other offices, as appropriate (see Attachment P Resource Guide).
- C. Mobilize the School Site Crisis Team

Concerns and wishes of family members regarding disclosure of the death and cause of death should be taken into consideration when providing facts to students, staff and parents/guardians.

- 1. Assess the extent and degree of psychological trauma and impact to the school community (see BUL-5800.0 *Crisis Preparedness, Response and Recovery* for protocol on responding to school-wide crisis).
- 2. Develop an action plan and assign responsibilities.
- 3. Establish a plan to notify staff of the death, once consent is obtained by the family of the deceased.
 - a. Notification of staff is recommended as soon as possible (e.g., optional emergency meeting before or after school).
 - b. To dispel rumors, share accurate information and all known facts about the death that the family has approved to be shared.
 - c. Emphasize that no one person or event is to blame for suicide. Suicide is complex and cannot be simplified by blaming individuals, drugs, music, school or bullying.
 - d. Allow staff to express their own reactions and grief; identify anyone who may need additional support and provide resources.
- 4. Establish a plan to notify students of the death, once consent is obtained from the family of the deceased.
 - a. Discuss plan for notification of students in small group settings, such as the classroom. Do not notify students using a public announcement system.
 - b. Provide staff with a script of information to be shared with the students, recommendations for responding to possible student reactions and questions, and activities to help students process the information (e.g., writing, drawing, or referral to crisis counselor).
 - c. Review student support plan, making sure to clarify procedures and locations for crisis counseling.
- 5. Establish a plan to notify other parents/guardians of the death, once consent is obtained from the family of the deceased. Consult with LD Operations when preparing the death notification letter for parents/guardians.
- 6. Define triage procedures for students and staff who may need additional support in coping with the death. Refer to BUL-5800.0 *Crisis Preparedness, Response and Recovery* for actions to consider, including:
 - a. Identify a lead school site crisis response staff member to assist with coordination of crisis counseling and support services.



- b. Identify locations on campus to provide crisis counseling to students, staff and parents/guardians.
- c. Request substitute teachers.
- d. Maintain sign-in sheets and documentation on individuals serviced for follow-up (refer to BUL-5800.0 *Crisis Preparedness, Response and Recovery,* for crisis response forms).
- e. Provide students, staff or parents/guardians with after-hours resource numbers such as the 24/7 Suicide Prevention Crisis Line (877) 727-4747 (see Attachment P Resource Guide).
- f. Request crisis counseling support from Local District Operations.
- 7. Refer students or staff who require a higher level of care for additional services such as School Mental Health, a community mental health provider, or their health care provider. Indicators of students and staff in need of additional support or referral may include the following:
 - a. Persons with close connections to the deceased (e.g., close friends, siblings, relatives, teacher).
 - b. Persons who experienced a loss over the past six months to a year, experienced a traumatic event, witnessed acts of violence, or have a loved one who has died by suicide.
 - c. Persons who appear emotionally over-controlled (e.g., a student who was very close to the deceased but who is exhibiting no emotional reaction to the loss) or those who are angry when majority are expressing sadness.
 - d. Persons unable to control crying.
 - e. Persons with multiple traumatic experiences. These individuals may have strong reactions that require additional assistance.
- D. Document

The administrator/designee shall maintain records and documentation of actions taken at the school by completing an incident report and RARD in iSTAR. For information on completing iSTAR reports with the issue type *Suicidal Behavior*, see Attachment J1 – Recommendations for RARD Completion on iSTAR.

- E. Monitor and Manage
 - 1. The administrator/designee, with support from the school crisis team, should monitor and manage the situation as it develops to determine follow up actions.
 - 2. Maintain consistent communication with appropriate parties.
 - 3. Update all actions taken at the school in iSTAR.

F. Important Considerations

1. Memorials

Memorials or dedications to a student who has died by suicide should not glamorize or romanticize the student or the death. If students



initiate a memorial, the administrator/designee should offer guidelines for a meaningful, safe approach to acknowledge the loss. Some considerations for memorials include:

- a. Memorials should not be disruptive to the daily school routine.
- b. Monitor memorials for content.
- c. Placement of memorials should be time limited. For example, they may be kept in place until the funeral services, after which the memorial items may be offered to the family upon review of appropriateness of items by administrator/designee.
- 2. Social Networking

Students may often turn to social networking as a way to communicate information about the death; this information may be accurate or rumored. Many also use social networking as an opportunity to express their thoughts about the death and about their own feelings regarding suicide. Some considerations in regard to social networking include:

- a. Encourage parents/guardians to monitor internet postings regarding the death, including the deceased's personal profile or social media.
- b. Social networking sites may contain rumors, derogatory messages about the deceased or other students. Such messages may need to be addressed. In some situations, postings may warrant notification to parents/guardians or law enforcement (see BUL-5688.1 Social Media Policy for Employees and Associated Persons).
- 3. Suicide Contagion

Suicide contagion is a process by which the exposure to suicide or suicidal behaviors of one or more may influence others to attempt or die by suicide. Some considerations for preventing suicide contagion are:

- a. Identify students who may be at an increased risk for suicide, including those who have a reported history of attempts, are dealing with known stressful life events, witnessed the death, are friends with or related to the deceased.
- b. Refer student for mental health services (see Attachment P Resource Guide).
- c. Monitor media coverage. Consult and work with the Office of Communications (213) 241-6766 for dissemination of information, as needed.
- 4. School Culture and Events

It is important to acknowledge that the school community may experience a heightened sense of loss in the aftermath of a death by suicide when significant events transpire that the deceased student would have been a part of, such as culmination, prom or graduation. Depending on the impact, such triggering events may require planning for additional considerations and resources.



XIII. CONFIDENTIALITY

All student matters are confidential and may not be shared, except with those persons who need to know. Personnel with the need to know shall not redisclose student information without appropriate legal authorization. Information sharing should be within the confines of the District's reporting procedures and investigative process.

AUTHORITY: This is a policy of the Superintendent of Schools. The following legal authorities are applied in this policy:

> California Civil Code sections 56-56.10, 1798; California Constitution Article 1, §28(c); California Education Code §32210 et seq.; California Education Code §35160; California Education Code §44808; California Education Code §48900 et seq.; California Education Code §48950 ; California Education Code sections 49060 et seq.; California Health & Safety Code sectiom123100-123149.5, 124260; California Penal Code §626 et seq.; California Code of Civil Procedure §527.6; Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act; Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act; and Los Angeles Municipal Code §63.94.

RELATED

RESOURCES:	BUL-5212.2, Bullying and Hazing Policy (Student-to-Student and Student-to-Adult),
	November 26, 2014.
	BUL-1347.3, Child Abuse and Neglect Reporting Requirements, August 19, 2016.
	BUL-5577.1, Counseling and Educationally Related Intensive Counseling Services
	(ERICS) for Students with Disabilities, July 21, 2014.
	BUL-5800.0, Crisis Preparedness, Response and Recovery, October 12, 2015
	BUL-6231.0, Discipline Foundation School-Wide Positive Behavior Intervention
	Support (SWPBIS), February 14, 2014.
	BUL-5269.2, Incident System Tracking Accountability Report, July 10, 2013
	BUL-2047.1, Hate-Motivated Incidents and Crimes – Response and Reporting, June
	15, 2015.
	BUL-6269.0, Multi-Tiered System of Behavior Support for Students with
	Disabilities, April 7, 2014.
	BUL-5688.1, Social Media Policy for Employees and Associated Persons, January
	29, 2015.
	BUL-5799.0, Threat Assessment and Management, July 12, 2012.
	BUL-6224.1, Transgender Students - Ensuring Equity and Nondiscrimination,
	September 15, 2014.
ATTACHMENTS:	
	Attachment A1 – Protocol for Responding to Students at Risk for Suicide

Attachment A2 – Protocol for Responding to Students Who Self-Injure



Attachment B – Suicide Risk Assessment Tool Attachment C – Suicide Risk Assessment Levels, Warning Signs & Action Plan **Options** Attachment D1 – Recommendations for Developing a Student Safety Plan Attachment D2 – Student Safety Plan template Attachment E – Student Re-Entry Guidelines Attachment F – Parent/Guardian Authorization for Release/Exchange of Information Attachment G1 – Completion of the Summary of Relevant Student Information Attachment G2 – Summary of Relevant Student Information template Attachment H – Return to School Information for Parent/Guardian Attachment I – Medical Clearance for Return to School Attachment J1 – Recommendations for RARD Completion on iSTAR Attachment J2 – Risk Assessment Referral Data (RARD) Attachment K – Sign-in Sheet Template for Meeting Attachment L – Postvention: Protocol for Responding to a Student Death by Suicide Attachment M – Suicide Prevention Awareness for Parents/Caregivers Attachment N – Self-Injury Awareness for Parents/Caregivers Attachment O – Sample Letter to Parent/Guardian RE: Self-Injury Attachment P – Resource Guide For assistance and information, please contact any of the following offices:

ASSISTANCE:

LAUSD RESOURCES

Crisis Counseling and Intervention Service, School Mental Health (213) 241-3841 - for assistance with threat assessments, suicide prevention and mental health issues. *Division of Special Education* (213) 241-8051– for assistance with cases involving students with disabilities.

Education Equity Compliance Office (213) 241-7682 – for assistance with alleged student discrimination and harassment complaints.

Human Relations, Diversity and Equity (213) 241-5337 – for assistance with issues of bullying, conflict resolution, and diversity trainings.

Los Angeles School Police Department (213) 625-6631 – for assistance with any law enforcement matters.

Office of Communications (213) 241-6766 – for assistance with media requests. *Office of General Counsel* (213) 241-7600 – for assistance/consultation regarding legal issues.

School Operations Division (213) 241-5337 – for assistance with school operations and procedures concerning students and employees.

EMERGENCY RESOURCES (NON-LAUSD)

Los Angeles County Department of Mental Health ACCESS (800) 854-7771 – collaborates with Crisis Counseling & Intervention Services for the administration and coordination of all mental health and law enforcement mobile response services in the event of a critical incident, including Psychiatric Mobile Response Teams (PMRT) and School Threat Assessment Response Teams (START). These teams respond to schools, offices, and homes.

Valley Coordinated Children's Services (818) 708-4500 – a County funded



resource to provide crisis intervention, assessment, short term stabilization and treatment, and evaluation and referral for psychiatric mobile response team. This agency serves children ages 3 - 17 years old in the San Fernando Valley.

Mental Evaluation Unit (MEU), including Staff Management Advisory and Response Team (SMART) (213) 996-1300 or 1334 – for law enforcement and mental health response, when an individual is a flight risk, violent, or high risk for harm to self or others.

National Suicide Prevention Lifeline (800) 273-8255 - a 24-hour crisis line for individuals who are contemplating, threatening, or attempting suicide, including their family and friends.

Suicide Prevention Crisis Line (877) 727-4747 – a 24-hour crisis line for individuals who are contemplating, threatening, or attempting suicide, including their family and friends.

For more resources and information, including online resources, see Attachment P - Resource Guide.

PROTOCOL FOR RESPONDING TO STUDENTS AT RISK FOR SUICIDE

The following is a summary checklist of general procedures for the administrator/designated school site crisis team member to respond to any reports of students exhibiting suicidal behavior/ideation. For a complete description of each procedure, refer directly to Section IV of Bulletin 2637.2.

The urgency of the situation will dictate the order and applicability in which the subsequent steps are followed.

A.	RESPOND IMMEDIATELY
	Report concerns to administrator/designee immediately or as soon as possible.
	Do not leave the student unsupervised.
В.	SECURE THE SAFETY OF THE STUDENT
	Supervise the student at all times.
	Conduct an administrative search for access to means to hurt themselves.
	If appropriate, contact LASPD, local law enforcement, the Los Angeles County Department of Mental Health or consult with Crisis Counseling and Intervention Services, School Mental Health.
C.	ASSESS FOR SUICIDE RISK (see Attachment B, Suicide Risk Assessment Tool)
-	Administrator/designee or designated school site crisis team member gathers essential background information.
	Administrator/designee or designated school site crisis team member meets with the student at risk for suicide.
	The assessing party should collaborate with at least one other designated school site crisis team member to
	determine level of risk. See Table 1, Levels of Suicide Risk in BUL-2637.2.
D.	COMMUNICATE WITH PARENT/GUARDIAN
2.	Share concerns & provide recommendations for safety.
	Communicate a plan for re-entry.
	Provide resources and parent/caregiver handout.
E.	DETERMINE APPROPRIATE ACTION PLAN (see Table 2, Action Plan in BUL-2637.2)
L.	Determine action plan based on level of risk.
	Develop a safety plan.
	Follow student re-entry guidelines.
	Mobilize a support system and provide resources.
	Monitor and manage.
F.	IMPORTANT CONSIDERATIONS
	When Certificated Staff Accompany a Student to the Hospital
	Providing Information for a Psychiatric Evaluation

G. DOCUMENT ALL ACTIONS (Maintain records and complete RARD on iSTAR within 24 hours.)

Suspected Child Abuse or Neglect

If child abuse or neglect by a parent/guardian is suspected or there is reasonable suspicion that contacting the parent/guardian may escalate the student's current level of risk, or the parent/guardian is contacted and unwilling to respond, report the incident to the appropriate child protective services agency following the District's *Child Abuse and Neglect Reporting Requirements*, BUL-1347.3, dated August 19, 2016. This report should include information about the student's suicide risk level and any concerning ideations or behaviors. The reporting party must follow directives provided by the child protective services agency personnel.

PROTOCOL FOR RESPONDING TO STUDENTS WHO SELF-INJURE

The following is a summary checklist of general procedures for the administrator/designated school site crisis team member to respond to any reports of students exhibiting self-injurious behavior. For a complete description of each procedure, refer directly to Section V of Bulletin 2637.2.

The urgency of the situation will dictate the order and applicability in which the subsequent steps are followed.

NOTE: Self-injurious behaviors may be exhibited by students with profound disabilities without being indicative of suicide or suicidal ideation. Please follow District guidelines as indicated in BUL-6269.0, *Multi-Tiered System of Behavior Support for Students with Disabilities* and contact the Division of Special Education at (213) 241-6701 for further assistance.

Α.	KNOW THE WARNING SIGNS OF SELF-INJURY
	Report concerns to administrator/designee immediately or as soon as possible.
	Do not leave the student unsupervised.
В.	PROTOCOL
2.	Respond immediately or as soon as possible.
	Supervise the student.
	Conduct an administrative search for access to means.
	Assess for suicide risk using the protocol outlined in Section IV of the bulletin.
	Communicate with parent/guardian.
	Encourage appropriate coping and problem-solving skills.
	Develop a safety plan with student.
	Provide resources.
	Document all actions. (Maintain records and complete RARD on iSTAR within 24 hours.)
C.	SELF-INJURY AND CONTAGION
C.	
	Respond immediately or as soon as possible.
	Respond individually to students, but try to identify peers that may be engaging in similar behavior.
	Supervise students in separate locations and assess individually using the protocols outlined in
	Section IV of BUL-2637.2.
_	
D.	OTHER CONSIDERATIONS FOR RESPONDING TO SELF-INJURY AND CONTAGION
	Self-injury should be addressed individually, never in settings such as student assemblies, public
	announcements, or groups.
	When self-injury impacts the school community, consider hosting a parent/guardian meeting for
	awareness and psycho-education.
	Consult and work with Office of Communications as needed.

Suspected Child Abuse or Neglect

If child abuse or neglect by a parent/guardian is suspected or there is reasonable suspicion that contacting the parent/guardian may escalate the student's current level of risk, or the parent/guardian is contacted and unwilling to respond, report the incident to the appropriate child protective services agency following the District's *Child Abuse and Neglect Reporting Requirements*, BUL-1347.3, dated August 19, 2016. This report should include information about the student's suicide risk level and any concerning ideations or behaviors. The reporting party must follow directives provided by the child protective services agency personnel.

ATTACHMENT B

SUICIDE RISK ASSESSMENT TOOL

Student Name/DOB:_____

_____ Location:_____ Date:_____

The purpose of this checklist is to determine a student's level of suicide risk. The assessing party should be the administrator/ designee or school site crisis team member(s).

DIRECTIONS: For the items with the **ASK** specification, please directly pose these questions to the student. Take note of the student's responses in the space provided and mark the check boxes, as appropriate. The * indicates *Unable to Assess*. The items with the **ASSESS** specification <u>should not</u> be asked directly, but rather explored by the assessing party to gather additional background information. Gathering of additional information may also include interviewing other involved individuals, reviewing student history, and referring to other data gathering sources (i.e. MiSIS, iSTAR, teacher reports/observations).

	CATEGORY	ASSESSMENT QUESTIONS			
1.	Current Problem/ Situation	ASK: Tell me what happened.			
2.	Current Ideation	ASK: Are you thinking about suicide/killing yourself now?	Yes	No	*
		ASK: How long have you been feeling this way?			
3.	Communication of Intent	ASSESS: Has the student communicated directly or indirectly ideas or intent to harm/kill themselves? (Communications may be verbal, non-verbal, electronic, written. Please note that electronic communications may include texting and social media.) Indicate what was said and how this was communicated.	Yes	No	*
		ASK: Have you ever shared your thoughts about suicide with anyone else?	Yes	No	*
		ASK: To whom? What did they say when you told them?			
4.	Plan	ASK: Do you have a plan to harm/kill yourself now?	Yes	No	*
		ASK: What is your plan?	•		
5.	Means and Access	ASK: Do you have access to weapons, guns, medication?	Yes	No	*
		ASSESS: Does the student have the means/access to kill themselves?	Yes	No	*
		ASSESS: Indicate means and access.	1.63		
6.	Past Ideation	ASK: Have you ever had thoughts of suicide in the past?	Yes	No	*
		ASK: How long ago? Tell me what happened then.			

ATTACHMENT B

7.	Previous Attempts	ASK: Have you ever tried to kill yourself?	Yes	No	*
	·	ASK: How long ago?			
		ASK: What did you do? What happened?			
8.	Changes in Mood / Behavior	ASK: In the past year, have you ever felt so sad that you stopped doing things you usually do or things that you enjoy?	Yes	No	*
		ASK: What are the activities you no longer do?			
		ASSESS: Has the student demonstrated abrupt changes in behaviors? Describe.	Yes	No	*
		ASSESS: Has the student demonstrated recent, dramatic changes in mood and/or appearance? Describe.	Yes	No	*
9.	Stressors	ASK: Has anyone close to you ever died by suicide? Who? How long ago? How?	Yes	No	*
		ASK: Has someone close to you died recently or have you been separated from someone who is important to you? (e.g., death, parent separation/divorce, relationship breakup)	Yes	No	*
		ASK: <i>Has anything stressful/traumatic happened to you?</i> (e.g. domestic violence, community violence, natural disaster)	Yes	No	*
		ASK: Have you experienced victimization or been the target of bullying/harassment/ discrimination? Describe.	Yes	No	*
10.	Mental Illness	ASSESS: Does the student have a history of mental illness (e.g. depression, conduct or anxiety disorder)?	Yes	No	*
11.	Substance Use	ASK: Do you use alcohol or drugs? Which ones? How often? How much?	Yes	No	*
12.	Protective Factors	ASK: Do you have an adult at school that you can go to for help?	Yes	No	*
		ASK: Do you have an adult outside of school, such as at home or in the community, that you can go to for help?	Yes	No	*
		ASK: What are your plans for the future?	Yes	No	*
		ASSESS: Can the student readily name plans for the future, indicating a reason to live?	Yes	No	*

ASSESSMENT RESULTS:

RISK LEVEL/DEFINITION	WARNING SIGNS MAY INCLUDE:
No Known Current Risk	 No known history of suicidal ideation/behavior or self-injurious behavior
No known current evidence of suicidal	 No current evidence of depressed mood/affect. For example,
ideation	statement made was a figure of speech, intended as a joke, or was a
	repetition of song lyrics or movie script.
Low Risk	Passing thoughts of suicide; evidence of thoughts may be found in
	notebooks, internet postings, drawings
Does not pose imminent danger to self;	No plan
insufficient evidence for suicide risk.	No history of previous attempts
	No means or access to weapons
	No recent losses
	No alcohol/substance abuse
	Support system is in place
	May have some depressed mood/affect
	• Sudden changes in personality/behavior (e.g., distracted, hopeless,
	academically disengaged)
Moderate Risk	Thoughts of suicide
	Some details indicating a plan for suicide
May pose imminent danger to self, but	Unsure of intent
there is insufficient evidence to	History of self-injurious behavior
demonstrate a viable plan of action to do	History of previous attempts and/or hospitalization
harm.	Difficulty naming future plans or feeling hopeful
	History of substance use or current intoxication
	Recent trauma (e.g., loss, victimization)
High Risk	Current thoughts of suicide
	Plan with specifics - indicating when, where and how
Poses imminent danger to self with a viable	Access to weapons or means in hand
plan to do harm; exhibits extreme or	• Making final arrangements (e.g., giving away prized possessions, good-
persistent inappropriate behaviors; may	bye messages in writing, text, or on social networking sites)
qualify for hospitalization.	History of previous attempts or hospitalization
	Isolated and withdrawn
	Current sense of hopelessness
	No support system
	Currently abusing alcohol/substances
	Mental health history
	Recent trauma (e.g., loss, victimization)

Please refer to BUL-2637.2, Section IV for guidelines on determining an appropriate follow-up/re-entry plan and for protocol on documenting actions in RARD on iSTAR.

SUICIDE RISK ASSESSMENT LEVELS, INDICATORS & ACTION PLAN OPTIONS

The assessing party should collaborate with at least one other designated school site crisis team member to determine appropriate action(s) based on the level of risk. Action items should be based upon the severity and risk of suicide. There are circumstances that might increase a student's suicide risk.

RISK LEVEL/DEFINITION	WARNING SIGNS MAY INCLUDE:	ACTION PLAN OPTIONS:	
No Known Current Risk No known current evidence of suicidal ideation	 No known history of suicidal ideation/behavior or self- injurious behavior No current evidence of depressed mood/affect. For example, statement made was a figure of speech, intended as a joke, or was a repetition of song lyrics or movie script. 	 Communicate with parent/guardian, even it it is determined that there is no current risk Provide information regarding the incident or statement made. Explore with the parent/guardian if there are any concerning behaviors at home, school or community. If so this might change the level of risk originally determined. Reinforce the importance of student safety and use of appropriate language. Provide Attachment L, Suicide Prevention Awareness for Parents/Caregivers handout and school/community resources, as needed. Document all actions in the RARD on iSTAR; include student identification number in the Persons Involved tab of iSTAR. 	
Low Risk Does not pose imminent danger to self; insufficient evidence for suicide risk.	 Passing thoughts of suicide; evidence of thoughts may be found in notebooks, internet postings, drawings No plan No history of previous attempts No means or access to weapons No recent losses No alcohol/substance abuse Support system is in place May have some depressed mood/affect Sudden changes in personality/behavior (e.g., distracted, hopeless, academically disengaged) 	 Reassure and provide support to the student. Communicate concerns with parent/guardian (see Section IV D), including recommendations to seek mental health services. Provide Attachment M, Suicide Prevention Awareness for Parents/Caregivers handout. Assist in connecting with school and community resources, including suicide prevention crisis lines. Develop a safety plan that identifies caring adults, appropriate communication and coping skills (see Attachment D2, Student Safety Plan template). Manage and monitor, as needed. Document all actions in the RARD on iSTAR; include student identification number in the Persons Involved tab of iSTAR. 	

SUICIDE RISK ASSESSMENT LEVELS, INDICATORS & ACTION PLAN OPTIONS

Moderate Risk May pose imminent danger to self, but there is insufficient evidence to demonstrate a viable plan of action to do harm.	 Thoughts of suicide Some details indicating a plan for suicide Unsure of intent History of self-injurious behavior History of previous attempts and/or hospitalization Difficulty naming future plans or feeling hopeful History of substance use or current intoxication Recent trauma (e.g., loss, victimization) 	 MODERATE & HIGH RISK ACTION PLAN RECOMMENDATIONS ARE THE SAME Supervise student at all times (including restrooms). Reassure and provide support to the student. Contact the Psychiatric Mobile Response Team (PMRT) (800) 854-7771 for a mental health evaluation or LASPD at (213) 625- 6631 for possible transport to an emergency hospital for a mental health evaluation. See Important Considerations on page 8 of
High Risk Poses imminent danger to self with a viable plan to do harm; exhibits extreme or persistent inappropriate behaviors; may qualify for hospitalization.	 Current thoughts of suicide Plan with specifics - indicating when, where and how Access to weapons or means in hand Making final arrangements (e.g., giving away prized possessions, good-bye messages in writing, text, or on social networking sites) History of previous attempts or hospitalization Isolated and withdrawn Current sense of hopelessness No support system Currently abusing alcohol/substances Mental health history Recent trauma (e.g., loss, victimization) 	 BUL-2637.2 for clarification regarding accompanying a student to a hospital and providing relevant information to the evaluating psychiatrist. Develop a safety plan that identifies caring adults, appropriate communication and coping skills (see Attachment D2, Student Safety Plan template). Establish a plan for re-entry, manage and monitor, as needed (see Attachment E – Student Re-Entry Guidelines). Communicate concerns with parent/guardian (see Section IV E 3), including: Re-entry plan and recommendations to seek mental health services. Provide Attachment L - Suicide Prevention Awareness for Parents/Caregivers handout. Document all actions in the RARD on iSTAR; include student identification number in the Persons Involved tab of iSTAR.

Please refer to BUL-2637.2, for guidelines on determining an appropriate follow-up/re-entry plan and for protocol on documenting actions in RARD on iSTAR.

For support and consultation, contact:

School Mental Health Crisis Counseling and Intervention Services (SMH CCIS) Monday-Friday (8:00 a.m.-4:30 p.m.) (213) 241-3841

After hours, contact the Los Angeles School Police Department (LASPD) at (213) 625-6631.



Los Angeles Unified School District STUDENT HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Recommendations for Developing a Student Safety Plan

A Student Safety Plan should be completed after an incident involving a student who expresses suicidal ideation, is engaging in self-harm, receives a psychiatric evaluation or is hospitalized. Initial safety planning should be developed in collaboration with the student's input and should emphasize strategies that are practical. Complete a Safety Plan (Attachment D2) when the suicide risk assessment level is deemed low, moderate or high. Update the Safety Plan as needed.

Refer to the definitions and examples below as a guide to help a student complete their Safety Plan (Attachment D2):

<u>**Triggers**</u>: Any situation, person, place or thing that may elicit a negative reaction or cause the student to engage in negative behaviors/self-harm. Some examples may be: *being alone at home, English class-writing about myself, seeing my ex best friend, gossip on social media.*

Warning Signs: These are the actions, behaviors and observations that inform adults/staff that a student might be feeling suicidal and needs help. These can be thoughts, images, moods, situations, or behaviors. Some warning signs adults/staff may notice in students include: talking, writings, posting or thinking about death; displaying dramatic mood swings; alcohol and drug use; socially withdrawing from friends, family and the community; drastic personality changes; and neglect of personal appearance. On their safety plan, students may indicate some of the following warning signs: *can't get out of bed, heavy breathing, failing my classes, agitated by my friends and family, feeling like I can't express myself, not wanting to do the things I used to enjoy, not caring what I look like, and/or sleeping too much/not enough.*

Coping Skills/Healthy Behaviors: These are positive actions and behaviors that a student engages in to help them through their struggles on a daily basis. Some coping strategies include activities that students can do in order to regulate his/her emotions (include some things he/she can do in classroom and on the school yard, and some things he/she can do at home); ask the student for input, and teach him/her additional strategies if necessary. Strategies may include: *slow breathing, yoga, play basketball, draw, write in journal, take a break from class to drink water, listen to music.*

Places I Feel Safe: These are places that the student feels most comfortable. It should be a safe, healthy, and generally supportive environment. This can be a physical location, an imaginary happy place, or in the presence of safe people. Help students identify a physical and/or emotional state of being. Places may include: my 2nd period class, health office, with my friends, youth group at church, imagining I am on a beach watching the waves.

<u>School Support</u>: Any school staff member or administrator can check in with a student regularly (regardless of whether or not the student seeks out help). Notify student's teacher(s) and request monitoring and supervision of the student (keeping in mind not to share confidential information).

Emphasize that teacher(s) must notify school site crisis team members about any safety issues or concerning observations. Some examples of school support may include: *Counselor Mr. Jones, Teacher Mr. Doe, Teacher Assistant Ms. Jane, After-School Staff Ms. Smith.*

<u>Adult Support</u>: It is important that a student also feel connected with healthy adults at home or in their community. The student should trust these adults and feel comfortable asking for help during a crisis. Identify how student will communicate with these individuals and include a phone number. Some adults may include: *family (e.g., grandparent, aunt, uncle, adult sister); clergy (e.g. youth pastor); or next door neighbor-Mr. Smith.*

Parent Support:

- Parent(s)/guardian(s) should follow-up with hospitalization discharge, medications and recommendations.
- Parent(s)/guardian(s) should be mindful of the following warning signs: suicidal ideation, talking, writing posts and thinking about death, dramatic mood changes, impulsive or reckless behavior, withdrawal from friends, family or community, and previous attempt.
- Parent(s)/guardian(s) should:
 - Plan for securing any and all objects and materials that could be dangerous to student (e.g., if student states she would kill herself with a knife, then plan should include securing knives and sharp objects in home; if student states she would use a gun, then plan should include removing/securing firearms from home).
 - Plan for altering home environment to maintain safety (e.g., if student talks about killing herself by jumping out a window, plan should include recommending ways to secure windows or block child's access to rooms that have windows).
 - Plan for monitoring and supervision of student. Help parent/guardian think about who will monitor the child when they cannot (e.g., while parent/guardian is at work student will stay with Aunt Shelly, student will accompany parent to run errands), and parents/guardians should have access to students social media accounts.
- Try to illicit ideas from the student regarding ways their parent/guardian can support them. Some ways a parent/guardian may offer support include: *spending time with family and friends, watch movies with mom, dad will pick me up from school, go to counseling with mom once a month.*

Case Carrier Support: The case carrier is a school site crisis team member that has been identified by the administrator/designee who can follow-up with the student and the action/safety plans developed for the student. The support offered may include strategies to manage, monitor and check-in with the student. In addition, collaboration with the outside mental health agency providing services and ensuring that there is a Release/Exchange of Information form signed and on file. Case carrier support may include: *monitor daily logs; check-in meeting twice a week for the first month, then reassess safety and determine appropriateness of meeting once per week; monitor grades and attendance; maintain weekly contact with ABC Community Counseling Center and therapist.*

ATTACHMENT D2

Student Safety Plan

Student's Name:	DOB: Date:
Triggers	Warning Signs
There are certain situations or circumstances which make me feel uncomfortable and/or agitated:	I should use my safety plan when I notice these warning signs (thoughts, images, moods, situations, behaviors):
1.	1.
2.	2.
3.	3.

Coping Skills/Healthy Behaviors

Places I Feel Safe

Things I can do to calm myself down or feel better in the moment (e.g. favorite activities, hobbies, relaxation techniques):	Places that make me feel better and make me feel safe (can be a physical location, an imaginary happy place, or refer in the presence of safe people):
1.	1.
2.	2.
3.	3.

School Support

School Support	Adult Support
Healthy adults at school and/or ways school staff can give me support:	Healthy adults at home or in my community, whom I trust and feel comfortable asking for help during a crisis (include phone number):
1.	1.
2.	2.
3.	3.

Parent Support

Parent Support	Case Carrier Support	
Actions my parent/guardian can take to help me stay safe:	Actions my case carrier can take to help me stay safe:	
1.	1.	
2.	2.	
3.	3.	

Outside Mental Health Agency Providing Me Support

Mental Health Agency:	
Clinician Name:	Office #:
Clinician Email:	Cell #:
During a crisis, I can also call:	
• 911 For Immediate Support	
• Los Angeles County Department of Mental	<i>Health ACCESS</i> (800) 854-7771 – (24 hours)
 Suicide Prevention Lines (24 Hours) National Suicide Prevention Lifeling Suicide Prevention Crisis Line National Hopeline Network 	e (800) 273-TALK or (800) 273-8255 (877) 727-4747 (800) SUICIDE or (800) 784-2433
• California Youth Crisis Line (800) 843-5200	– 24 hours, bilingual
 from 6pm-10pm PST daily. Text, ema <u>http://teenlineonline.org</u> for more informa <i>The Trevor Project</i> (866) 4-U-TREVOR or (8 and suicide prevention services to lesbian ages 13-24. Text and chat also available 	 TEEN – a teen-to-teen hotline with community outreach services, il and message board also available, with limited hours-visit ation. 366) 488-7386 – a 24 hour crisis line that provides crisis intervention , gay, bisexual, transgender and questioning (LGBTQ) young people ole, with limited hours-visit www.thetrevorproject.org for more
information.	Signatures
Student Signature	Date
Parent/Guardian Name (please print)	Phone#
Parent /Guardian Signature	Date
Administrator/Case Carrier (please print)	Title

Date

STUDENT RE-ENTRY GUIDELINES

Student Name/DOB:______Date:_____Date:_____

In planning for the re-entry of a student who has been out of school for any length of time following reported suicidal ideation, including mental health hospitalization, or if the student will be transferring to a new school, the school site administrator/designee may consider any of the following action items:

Preparing for Re- Entry	☐ If a student has been out of school for any length of time, including for a mental health evaluation or mental health hospitalization, including psychiatric and drug or alcohol inpatient treatment, consider providing the parent Attachment H − Return to School Information for Parent/Guardian which outlines steps to facilitate a positive transition back to school.
Returning Day	Have parent/guardian escort student to the main office on first day back to school.
Hospital Discharge Documents	Request discharge documents from hospital or Medical Clearance for Return to School (see Attachment I) from parent/guardian on student's first day back.
Meeting with Parent(s)/ Guardian(s)	 Engage parent(s)/guardian(s), school support staff, teachers, and student, as appropriate in a Re-Entry Planning Meeting. If the student is prescribed medication, monitor with parent/guardian consent. Offer suggestions to parent/guardian regarding safety planning and removing means/access (e.g., weapons, medication, alcohol) to students at home, as needed. Offer suggestions to parent/guardian regarding monitoring personal communication devices, including social networking sites, as needed. Review Attachment M - Suicide Prevention Awareness for Parents/Caregivers with caregiver.
Student Safety Plan	Develop a Safety Plan to assist the student in identifying adults they trust and can go to for assistance at school and outside of school (e.g., home, community). See Attachment D2 – Student Safety Plan.
Identify Supports	 Notify student's teacher(s), as appropriate. Modify academic programming, as appropriate. Consider an assessment for special education for a student whose behavioral and emotional needs affect their ability to benefit from their educational program (see BUL-5577.1 <i>Counseling and Educationally Related Intensive Counseling Services (ERICS) for Students with Disabilities</i>, July 21, 2014). Identify on-going mental health resources in school and/or in the community. Designate staff (e.g., Psychiatric Social Worker, Pupil Services and Attendance Counselor, School Nurse, Academic Counselor) to check in with the student during the first couple weeks periodically.

	Manage and monitor – ensure the student is receiving and accessing the proper mental health and educational services needed.			
Address Bullying, Harassment, Discrimination	As needed, ensure that any bullying, harassment, discrimination is being addressed.			
Release/Exchange of Information	Obtain consent by the parent/guardian to discuss student information with outside providers using the Parent/Guardian Authorization for Release/Exchange of Information (see Attachment F).			



Parent/Guardian Authorization for Release/Exchange of Information

Date: To Parent(s)/Guardian(s) of:

This document authorizes the release/exchange of information relating to my child between the agency personnel listed below and a representative of LAUSD.

The information received shall be reviewed only by appropriate professionals in accordance with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974.

TO:		RE:	
Agency Staff Name/Title		Student Last Name	Student First Name
		Date of Birth:/_	
Agency, Institution, or D	epartment	Month	Day Year
Street Address		Home Street Address	
City	State Zip	City	State Zip
I hereby give you perr	nission to release/exc	hange the following information	1:
Medical/Health		Speech & Language] Educational
Psychological/Me	ntal Health	Other – Specify:	
The information will b	e used to assist in det	ermining the needs of the stude	ent.
	THIS INFO	RMATION IS TO BE SENT TO:	
School Staff Name		Title/School or Office	2
School Address & Telepl	none Number		
This authorization sha	II be valid until		unless revoked earlier.
I request a copy of thi	s authorization:	Yes No	
Name of Parent/Legal G	uardian	Phone Nun	nber
	al Guardian	Date	



Autorización de Padres/Tutor Legal Para Intercambiar Información

Fecha: ______ A los Padres/Tutores de: ______

Este documento autoriza el intercambio de información sobre su niño/a entre el personal de la agencia indicada y un representante del Distrito Escolar Unificado de Los Ángeles. La información recibida será revisada únicamente por profesionales apropiados en acuerdo con Los Derechos Educativos Familiares y Acto de Privacidad de 1974.

TO: Nombre del Personal de Agencia/Titulo		RE: Apellido del E	studiante	Primer Nom	bre del Estudiante
Agencia, Institución, o Dep	artamento	Fecha de Nacim	iiento: Mes		/ Año
Dirección		Dirección de Resi	dencia		
Ciudad	Estado Código Postal	Ciudad		Estado	Código Postal
Por la presente doy perr	niso para divulgar/inte	rcambiar la siguie	ente informac	ción:	
Médica/Salud	🗌 Ha	blar y Lenguaje		Educacional	
Psicológico/Salud M	ental 🗌 Ot	ra:			
La información será usad	da para determinar las	necesidades del a	alumno.		
	ESTA INFORM	ACIÓN SERÁ ENV	IADA A:		
Nombre de Personal Escola	ar	Titulo/E	scuela u Oficir	na	
Dirección de Escuela y Núr	nero de Teléfono				
Esta autorización será	válida hasta		solo	o que sea rev	vocada antes.
Yo requiero una copia	de esta autorización:	: 🗌 Si	No No		
Nombre de Padre / Tutor L			Numero de T	eléfono	
Firma de Padre / Tutor Leg	al		Fecha		



Completion of the Summary of Relevant Student Information

The Summary of Relevant Student Information is intended to summarize important information regarding a student who might be a danger to himself/herself, a danger to others, or gravely disabled.

- Complete the following two pages and provide this information to the person authorized to transport the student for a psychiatric evaluation, including a law enforcement officer or mobile crisis response team (e.g., PMRT, SMART). Background and relevant historical student information provided to the receiving hospital will ensure awareness of all concerns regarding student safety.
- Please be mindful of CONFIDENTIALITY, and only include information that is directly relevant to the safety concerns regarding suicidal/homicidal ideation and the need for the psychiatric evaluation.
- Remember to attach any additional relevant information, including suicide notes, target lists, drawings, social media posts, and text messages.
- Keep a copy of all documents provided to the transporting agency in a confidential folder separate from the student's cumulative record. This folder may be kept by the school site administrator/designee or the case carrier/school site crisis team member for the student.
- Once the student has been transported, ensure that plans are made to have a student re-entry meeting and to develop a safety plan for the student.
- For support and consultation throughout this process, contact:
 - Local District Operations Coordinator
 - Local District Mental Health Consultant
 - School Mental Health Crisis Counseling and Intervention Services Monday-Friday (8am-4:30pm)
 (213) 241-3841



Summary of Relevant Student Information

Date			
Student Name		 Da	ate of Birth
School Name			udent Grade
Parent/Guardian Name		Ph	one #
Assessed Level of Risk:	Low Mode	rate 🗌 High	
Current Concerns/Behaviors I stated a plan with intent, current sui			
Relevant History (e.g., past suicio	de attempts, prior hospitaliza	ations (5150/5585), history	<pre>v of self-injury, mental health history)</pre>
Psychotropic Medication(s)			
None	Unk	nown	
Yes, Name of Medication(s			e
	/		e
• • • • • • • • • •			
Compliant with medication?	res 🔄 No 🔄 Unknown	Recent medication char	nge? Yes No Unknown
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Summary of Relevant Student Information

Other Factors to Consider	
Current Mental Health Support	
Mental Health Agency:	
Therapist/Clinician Name:	
Office #:	Cell #:
The following are attached to this summary (check all that app	
Suicide note(s) letter(s)	Text/chat messages
Drawing(s)	Social media postings
Journal entry or other assignment	Other:
A copy of this summary was provided to (check all that apply):	
Parent/Guardian	PMRT/SMART Clinician
LASPD Officer	Other:
Local Law Enforcement	
For additional questions/concerns, please contact:	
School Site Crisis Team Member Completing Assessment	Office Phone #
Title	Cell Phone #
School Site Crisis Team Member (2) Completing Assessment	 Office Phone # (2)
School Site ensis reall member (2) completing Assessment	
Title	Cell Phone # (2)
[_2637.2	

RETURN TO SCHOOL INFORMATION FOR PARENT/GUARDIAN

Date:	
	School Name
	RE:
	Student Name and DOB
Dear F	Parent/Guardian:
	llowing steps have been outlined to help facilitate a positive transition back to school after your eturns from a psychiatric evaluation. Please review the checklist below prior to your child's return ool:
	Communicate with Principal and/or School Site Crisis Team member regarding whether your child was hospitalized, following a psychiatric evaluation. If hospitalized, please notify the school of the name of the hospital.
	Principal Name School Phone Number To Call
	School Site Crisis Team Member Name School Phone Number To Call
	Request discharge documents from the hospital or have the hospital complete the <i>Medical Clearance for Return to School</i> form (attached).
	 Ensure the hospital includes any accommodations/recommendations requested.
	 If medication was prescribed, it is recommended that you inform the school nurse of medication(s) and dosage. However, if the student needs to have medication administered at school by the school nurse, then please be sure to request the appropriate documentation from the treating physician.
	Inform the school contact person, indicated above, when your son/daughter will return to school.
	Escort your son/daughter to school on the first day back after the hospitalization. Please request
	to meet with located in (Name of School Site Crisis Team Member) (Office/Room #)
	Participate in your son/daughter's <i>Students Re-entry Meeting</i> , which will include creating his/her <i>Safety Plan</i> .

Thank you for working with us to support your child at school.



Medical Clearance for Return to School
Following Mental Health Intervention Services or Hospitalization

CONFIDENTIAL

	Date:	
Dear Doctor:		
•	r received mental health services recently for being a danger to hir edical information from you is essential in planning for the studen	-
Student Name	Date of Birth School	Grade
Please complete the following information and retur Your cooperation is much appreciated.	rn to the parent/guardian to provide to the school upon return to	school.
If the student no longer poses a threat to self and/or and indicate restrictions, if any.	r others at the time of discharge and can return to school, please s	ign below
The above named student does not pose a threat to s	self and/or others at the time of discharge and may return to sche	ool:
	h the following modifications/restrictions (indicated below)	
Recommended Modifications/Restrictions:		
	ages:	
Doctor's Name	Doctor's Signature	
Hospital Name	Contact Number	-
	EXCHANGE/RELEASE MEDICAL INFORMATION	
то:	RE:	
Practitioner/Staff Name/Title	Student Last Name Student First Name	
	Date of Birth: / //	
Hospital/Agency/Clinic	Wohth Day leaf	
I hereby give you permission to release/exchange the	e following information:	– Specify:
Hospital/Agency/Clinic I hereby give you permission to release/exchange the Medical/Health Speech & Language This authorization shall be valid until	e following information: Educational Psychological/Mental Health Other	– Specify:

Signature of Parent/Legal Guardian

Date



Los Angeles Unified School District STUDENT HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Recommendations for RARD Completion

After a critical incident involving a student with suicidal ideation, it is extremely important to generate an iSTAR that accurately reflects what happened, how the school responded, and what plans are in place to support the student. The following are recommendations for completing an iSTAR Incident Report when a student expresses suicidal ideation, including sample summaries and updates.

- Refer to **BUL 2637.2 Suicide Prevention, Intervention, and Postvention** for policy, procedures, and helpful documents.
- Contact Local District Operations and/or the Local District Mental Health Consultant for training, support and consultation for you and your school staff regarding suicide prevention and documenting interventions.
- For consultation, contact School Mental Health, Crisis Counseling & Intervention Services at (213) 241-3841 Monday-Friday from 8:00am-4:30pm.

Recommended Information to Include in the iSTAR Incident Report

Persons Involved

- 1. Identify the student as a Victim, if they are exhibiting any of the categories in Suicidal Behavior.
- 2. Use the Student's 10 Digit ID Number to enter the information of the student. Once you enter this ID number, the student's information Name, Gender, Grade, School and DOB will auto-populate.
- 3. Entering the 10-digit Student ID will also populate any other incidents related to this student in this tab, just below the student's information. If no incidents appear, there are no incidents reported in iSTAR using that student's ID, however, this does not guarantee that there were never any previous incidents.

Incident Summary

- 1. Remember to maintain CONFIDENTIALITY at all times. The goal is to explain what happened and how the school responded, without reporting confidential information, such as the student's mental health history, family history or other medical information protected by HIPPA laws. See below for Incident Summary Samples.
- 2. Explain exactly what the student stated (e.g., "I want to kill myself," or "I don't think life is worth living any more," etc.), and/or explain the student's actions (e.g., "Mark wrapped a computer cord around his neck.").
- 3. Explain who conducted the Suicide Risk Assessment with the student, and note the student's level of risk (e.g., "low, moderate, or high").
- 4. Explain the short-term action plan taken by the school. This includes communication with parent(s)/guardian(s), and possibly contact with PMRT (Psychiatric Mobile Response Team) and/or law enforcement. If PMRT is involved, explain their actions and/or specific recommendations.
- 5. Explain the long-term action plan developed by school. This includes creating a Student Safety Plan at home and school identifying caring adults and appropriate communication and coping skills (see Attachment D2, Student Safety Plan). It also includes designating a staff member to carefully monitor student and check-in with student frequently until crisis has stabilized. Finally, the long-term action plan includes linking the student to appropriate mental health services.
- 6. If the student is hospitalized, explain the plan for re-entry (see Attachment E, Student Re-entry Guidelines).
- 7. Remember to UPDATE the iSTAR as the case evolves (e.g., document the outcome of the re-entry meeting).
- 8. Under Notify Details, be sure to indicate who you consulted with, adding individuals as appropriate.

Incident Summary Sample #1 ("Suicidal Behavior/Ideation - Non-Injury" Issue Type)

During 4th period, Math teacher Ms. Jones heard student say "I can't take this anymore. I'm going to kill myself afterschool." PSA Counselor Mr. Smith and APSCS Ms. Rodriguez conducted suicide risk assessment and concluded student was at low risk. Student's parent was contacted. Mr. Smith met with mother to provide the Suicide Prevention Awareness for Parents/Caregivers handout, develop a Safety Plan for student at home and school, and to provide mother with referrals to both school-based and community-based counseling services. Mr. Smith will check-in with student and manage the case until crisis is stabilized.

Update (2 days later)

Mr. Smith contacted parent who reported making appointment with XYZ Mental Health Agency for Monday, May 5, 2016. Mr. Smith provided parent with an Exchange/Release of Information Form to be completed so that school and mental health provider can openly communicate about student's treatment and progress.

Incident Summary Sample #2 ("5150/Hospitalization" Issue Type)

Student spoke with Magnet Coordinator Ms. Harris before school and said "my family is falling apart – I just don't want to live anymore." Principal Dr. Hill and School Psychologist Ms. Garcia completed suicide risk assessment and concluded student was at moderate risk. PMRT was contacted for consult. Team responded to school at approximately 10:00am, evaluated student, and decided to transport the student to Del Amo Hospital for evaluation. Student's parent was contacted, and father came to school and accompanied student in ambulance transport. School Psychologist will follow-up with father tomorrow to gather more information about student's release, and to schedule re-entry meeting with family.

<u>Update</u> (1 day later)

School Psychologist Ms. Garcia contacted father who stated student is set to be released after 72-hour hold. Father agreed to bring student for re-entry meeting Tuesday, May 5, 2016 at 8:30am, and will bring discharge paperwork from hospital.

Update: (4 days later)

Student and father met for re-entry meeting with Principal, School Psychologist, School Nurse, and Counselor. Discussed new medication student was prescribed, and developed Safety Plan for student at home and school. Modified student's academic program, and obtained signed Exchange/Release of Information Form from father so that school can openly communicate with student's new therapist about student's treatment and progress. Counselor Mr. Jackson will check-in with student and manage the case until crisis is stabilized.

RARD

- 1. Complete the entire RARD Tab.
- 2. Check for previous incidents involving this student under the *Persons Involved* tab.
- 3. Make sure to include an explanation of any action boxes that are checked "no."



Los Angeles Unified School District

ATTACHMENT J2

STUDENT HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

CONFIDENTIAL

RISK ASSESSMENT REFERRAL DATA (RARD)

TO BE COMPLETED BY THE ASSESSING SCHOOL SITE CRISIS TEAM MEMBER					
Cost Center (School/Office):					
DATE OF INCIDENT:		TIME OF INCIDE	INT:	AM [_] PM	
INCIDENT OCCURRED:	🗌 On Campus 🛛 Off Cam	npus 🗌 At another school	District Office	District School Bus/Vehicle	
	Going to or from school	Going to or from a school spo	onsored activity	Athletics Competition	
EXACT LOCATION:					
NAME OF STUDENT:		STUDENT ID:			
(Last, First Name)		(10-digit number O	INLY)		
TYPE OF INCIDENT/ISSUE (An Injury Report must also be completed for issue in red.)					
SUICIDAL BEHAVIOR		Self-Injury/Cutting	-	. \	
Suicidal Behavior/ Id	deation (injury)	Suicidal Behavior	Ideation (non-ir	njury)	
	11	NCIDENT SUMMARY			

INFORM	ATION FOR RARD TAB ON ISTAR	
Reasons for Referral and Other Associated	d Factors: (Check all that apply)	

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Current attempt	Sudden changes in behavior	Frequent complaints of illness/
Direct Threat	Drug or alcohol abuse	body aches
Indirect Threat	Self-injury	Psychosocial stressors
Giving away prized possessions	Mood swings	Previous attempt(s)
Violent behavior	Bullying	Hate Violence
Signs of depression	Truancy or running away	Other (Specify)
Access to Weapons		

ATTACHMENT J2

	INFORMATION FOR F	RARD TAB ON IS	TAR			
Student Referred By: (Check one or more)						
Self	Administrator		PSA Counselor			
Parent	Teacher		Psychologist			
Student/Friend	Psychiatric Social	Worker	Nurse			
K-12 Counselor	Other (Specify)					
Th Refer to BUL-2637.2 Suicide P	e following action ite			attachmonte		
Was the student assessed for risk						
Yes No If <i>NO</i> , please exp		P				
Assessed Level of Risk:	o known current risk	Low	Moderate	🗌 High		
Was the parent/guardian notified	?					
Yes Name of person notif	ed:	Rela	tionship to student:			
No If <i>NO</i> , please explain:						
If parent/guardian was	not notified due to suspec		•	•		
Abuse and Neglect Repo appropriate authorities.	orting Requirements, by co	mpleting the Suspec	cted Child Abuse (SCAR) f	orm and calling the		
Was the parent/guardian provide	d the annronriate info	ormation hando	uts for suicide/self_ii	niury awareness?		
				ijuly awareness:		
Yes No If <i>NO</i> , please exp						
What action steps listed below we	ere taken? (Check all t	hat apply.)				
Contacted the LA County Department		(PMRT) or Valley Co	oordinated Services			
Contacted the Los Angeles School Pol	ice Department (LASPD)					
Student transported to hospital for ps	wchiatric evaluation (5150)/5585)				
Consulted with School Mental Health			ounseling & Intervention	Services)		
Consulted with Local District Operation		,	0	,		
Referral to School Mental Health Clini	c/Wellness Center					
Referral to community mental health	agency					
Referral to school-based individual/gr	oup counseling					
Recommendation for program modifi	cation (e.g., smaller class,	IEP)				
Developed and discussed Safety Plan						
Facilitated Student Re-entry Meeting						
Other (please specify) Assessed by Crisis Team Member:						
-	En	nail Address:				
Employee No.:						
Employee Name:		ontact No.:				
Job Title:	Da	ate Student was A	ssessea:			
	ninistrator	Counselor				
	ool Police] Other (please spec	cify)			
DO NOT MAIL. SU	BMIT COMPLETED RA					

- - -



Los Angeles Unified School District STUDENT HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES SCHOOL MENTAL HEALTH

Student Re-Entry/Safety Planning Meeting

Student Name:_____ Date: _____ School: _____ Date: _____

	NAME	TITLE/OFFICE	PHONE	EMAIL	INITIAL
1					
2					
3					
4					
5					
6					
7					
8					
9					
10					
11					
12					

POSTVENTION: PROTOCOL FOR RESPONDING TO A STUDENT DEATH BY SUICIDE

The following is a summary checklist of general procedures for the administrator/designated crisis team member to respond in the event of a completed suicide. Refer to BUL-5800.0 *Crisis Preparedness, Response and Recovery*, dated October 12, 2015, for protocol on responding to school-wide crisis.

For a complete description of each procedure, refer directly to the Bulletin 2637.2.

A.	GATHER PERTINENT INFORMATION
	Confirm death and cause of death, if this information is available.
	Contact family of the deceased.
В.	NOTIFY
	Local District Operations Staff
	LAUSD Office of Communications
	Other offices
C.	MOBILIZE THE SCHOOL SITE CRISIS TEAM
	Review information and assess impact.
	Develop an action plan and assign responsibilities.
	Establish a plan to notify staff.
	Establish a plan to notify students.
	Establish a plan to notify parent(s)/guardian(s).
	Define triage procedures.
	Know indicators of those who may need additional support.
	Consult with Crisis Counseling and Intervention Services, School Mental Health, as needed.
D.	MONITOR AND MANAGE (When reporting child abuse, include information about the student's suicide risk)
Ε.	IMPORTANT CONSIDERATIONS
	Memorials
	Social Networking
	Suicide Contagion
	School Culture and Events

ATTACHMENT M



Los Angeles Unified School District Student Health and Human Services School Mental Health

> 333 S. Beaudry Avenue, 29th Floor 213.241.3841 smh.lausd.net | ccis.lausd.net



Suicide Prevention Awareness for Parents/Caregivers

Suicide is a serious public health problem that takes an enormous toll on families, friends, classmates, co-workers and communities, as well as on our military personnel and veterans. Suicide prevention is the collective efforts of local community organizations, mental health practitioners and related professionals to reduce the incidence of suicide through education, awareness, and services.

SUICIDE IS PREVENTABLE.

Warning Signs

Warning signs are observable behaviors that may signal the presence of suicidal thinking. They might be considered "cries for help" or "invitations to intervene." These warning signs

signal the need to inquire directly about whether the individual has thoughts of suicide. If such thinking is acknowledged, then suicide interventions will be required.

- Feelings of sadness, hopelessness, helplessness
- Significant changes in behavior, appearance, thoughts, and/or feelings
- Social withdrawal and isolation
- Suicide threats (direct and indirect)
- Suicide notes and plans
- History of suicidal ideation/ behavior
- Self-injurious behavior
- Preoccupation with death
- Making final arrangements (e.g., giving away prized possessions, posting plans on social media, sending text messages to friends)

Risk Factors

While the path that leads to suicidal behavior is long and complex and there is no "profile" that predicts suicidal behavior with certainty, there are certain risk factors associated with increased suicide risk. In isolation, these factors are not signs of suicidal thinking. However, when present they signal the need to be vigilant for the warning signs of suicide.

- Access to means (e.g., firearms, knives, medication)
- Stressors (e.g., loss, peer relations, school, gender identity issues)
- History of depression, mental illness or substance/alcohol abuse
- History of suicide in the family or of a close friend
- History of mental illness in the family

Here's What You Can Do:

LISTEN

- Assess for suicidal risk.
- Listen without judgement.
- Ask open-ended questions.

PROTECT

- Take action immediately.
- Supervise, do not leave your child alone.

• Consider developing a safety plan at school and home, if needed.

CONNECT

- Communicate and collaborate with your child's school administration, mental health personnel or counselor for support.
- Contact Department of Mental Health, law enforcement or protective services, as needed.
- Help your child identify adult they trust at home and at school.

MODEL

- Remain calm. Establish a safe environment to talk about suicide.
- Be aware of your thoughts, feelings, and reactions as you listen without judgement.

TEACH

- Learn the warning signs and risk factors and provide information and education about suicide and self-injury.
- Encourage help seeking behaviors and help your child identify adults they can trust at home and at school.
- Seek options for school and community resources including referrals to professional mental health services, as needed.

SMH Clinics and Wellness Centers

North

Valley Clinic

6651-A Balboa Blvd., Van Nuys 91406 Tel: 818-758-2300 | Fax: 818-996-9850

West

Crenshaw Wellness Center

3206 W. 50th St., Los Angeles 90043 Tel: 323-290-7737 | Fax: 323-290-7713

Hyde Park Clinic

6519 S. 8th Ave., Bungalow #46, Los Angeles 90043 Tel: 323-750-5167 | Fax: 323-759-2697

Washington Wellness Center

1555 West 110th St., Los Angeles 90043 Tel: 323-241-1909 | Fax: 323-241-1918

South

97th Street School Mental Health Clinic Barrett Elementary School

439 W. 97th St., Los Angeles 90003 Tel: 323-418-1055 | Fax: 323-418-3964

San Pedro Clinic

704 West 8th St., San Pedro 90731 Tel: 310-832-7545 | Fax: 310-833-8580

Locke Wellness Center

316 111th St., Los Angeles 90061 Tel: 323-418-1055 | Fax: 323-418-3964

Carson Wellness Center

270 East 223rd St., Carson 90745 Tel: 310-847-7216 | Fax: 310-847-7214

East

Bell/Cudahy School Mental Health Clinic

Ellen Ochoa Learning Center 7326 S. Wilcox, Cudahy 90201 Tel: 323-271-3676 | Fax: 323-271-3657

Ramona Clinic

231 S. Alma Ave., Los Angeles 90063 Tel: 323-266-7615 | Fax: 323-266-7695

Gage Wellness Center

2880 Zoe Ave., Huntington Park 90255 Tel: 323-826-9499 | Fax: 323-826-1524

Elizabeth LC Wellness Center

4811 Elizabeth St., Cudahy 90201 Tel: 323-271-3676 | Fax: 323-271-3657

Central

Belmont Wellness Center 180 Union Place, Los Angeles 90026 Tel: 213-241-4451 | Fax: 213-241-4465

Roybal Clinic

1200 West Colton St., Los Angeles 90026 Tel: 213-580-6415 | Fax: 213-241-4465

For clinic referrals visit: smh.lausd.net

Understanding Suicide: Myths & Facts

To understand why people die by suicide and why so many others attempt to take their own lives, it is important to know the facts. Read the facts about suicide below and share them with others.

Myth: Suicide can't be prevented. If someone is set on taking their own life, there is nothing that can be done to stop them.

Fact: Suicide is preventable. The vast majority of people contemplating suicide don't really want to die. They are seeking an end to intense mental or physical pain. Most have a mental illness. Interventions can save lives.

Myth: Asking someone if they are thinking about suicide will put the idea in their head and cause them to act on it. **Fact:** When you fear someone you know is in crisis or depressed, asking them if they are thinking about suicide can actually help. By giving a person an opportunity to open up and share their troubles you can help alleviate their pain and find solutions. *Myth:* Someone making suicidal threats won't really do it, they are just looking for attention.

Fact: Those who talk about suicide or express thoughts about wanting to die, are at risk for suicide and need your attention. Most people who die by suicide give some indication or warning. Take all threats of suicide seriously. Even if you think they are just "crying for help"—a cry for help, is a cry for help—so help.

Myth: It is easy for parents/caregivers to tell when their child is showing signs of suicidal behavior.

Fact: Unfortunately, research shows that this is not the case in a surprisingly large percentage of families. This illustrates the importance for parents/caregivers to be attentive to warning signs, risk factors, to ask direct questions, and be open to conversation.

What Should I Do If I Am Worried About My Child?

If you believe that your child is thinking about suicide, approach the situation by asking. Asking is the first step in saving a life and can let them know that you are here for them and will listen. Here are some examples of how you may ask: "Have you thought about suicide?" "Sometimes when people are sad as you are, they think about suicide. Have you ever thought about it?"

EMERGENCY INFORMATION / After Hours Services

If you need IMMEDIATE help, call 911. For a psychiatric emergency, contact the Department of Mental Health 24-hour ACCESS Center at (800) 854-7771.

Resources for Parents/Caregivers & Children/Adolescents

Community Hotlines

daily)

Didi Hirsch Suicide Prevention Hotline (877) 727-4747 (24 hours)

National Suicide Prevention Lifeline (800) 273-TALK (8255) (24 hours) Trevor Lifeline (866) 488-7386 (24 hours) Teen Line (800) 852-8336 (6pm-10pm

Text and Chat Resources Crisis Chat (11am-11pm, daily) http://www.crisischat.org/chat Teen Line - text "TEEN" to 839863 Online Resources http://www.didihirsch.org/ http://www.thetrevorproject.org/ http://teenline.org/ http://www.afsp.org/understanding-suicide

Smartphone Apps MY3 Teen Line Youth Yellow Pages





Los Angeles Unified School District Student Health and Human Services School Mental Health

> 333 S. Beaudry Avenue, 29th Floor 213.241.3841 smh.lausd.net | ccis.lausd.net

Self-Injury Awareness for Parents/Caregivers

Self-injury is a complex behavior, separate and distinct from suicide that some individuals engage in for various reasons such as: to take risks, rebel, reject their parents' values, state their individuality, or merely to be accepted. Others, however, may injure themselves out of desperation or anger to seek attention, to show their feelings of hopelessness and worthlessness, or because they have suicidal thoughts. Such individuals may suffer from serious mental health disorders such as depression, psychosis, Posttraumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD) or Bipolar Disorder. Some young children may resort to self-injurious acts from time to time but often grow out of it. Children with intellectual disability or autism as well as children who have been abused or abandoned may also show these behaviors.

If you become aware that your child or someone you know is engaging in self-injurious behavior, take action and get help.

What should I do if my child is engaging in self-injurious behavior?

If you become aware that your child is engaging in self-injurious behaviors, and if the injury appears to pose potential medical risks (e.g., excessive bleeding, need for stitches), call 911 immediately. If the injury does not appear to pose immediate medical risks, remain calm and nonjudgmental.

Appropriate actions include:

- Seek support from a mental health professional (e.g., therapist, psychologist, psychiatrist)
- Provide moral and nurturing support
- Participate in your child's recovery (e.g., family therapy)
- Support your child in an open and understanding way

EMERGENCY INFORMATION / After Hours Services

If you need IMMEDIATE help, call 911. For a psychiatric emergency, contact the Department of Mental Health 24-hour ACCESS Center at (800) 854-7771.

Here's What You Can Do:

LISTEN

- Address the behavior as soon as possible by asking open ended questions. For example:
 - Tell me what happened.
 - How long have you been feeling this way?
- Talk to your child with respect, compassion, calm and caring.
- Understand that this is his/her way of coping.

PROTECT

- Take action immediately and get help.
- Foster a protective home environment.
- Set limits and provide supervision and consistency to encourage successful outcomes.
- Provide firm guidance, supervise and set limits around technology usage.
- Be cautious about giving out punishments or negative consequences as a result of the SI behavior, as these may inadvertently encourage the behavior to continue.

CONNECT

- Check in with your child on a regular basis.
- Become familiar with supports available at home, school and community. Contact appropriate person(s) at the school, for example, the school social worker, school psychologist, school counselor, or school nurse.

MODEL

- Model healthy and safe ways of managing stress and engage your child in these activities, such as taking walks, deep breathing, journal writing, or listening to music.
- Be aware of your thoughts, feelings and reactions about this behavior.
- Be aware of your tone. Expressing anger or shock can cause your child to feel guilt or shame.

TEACH

- Learn the warning signs and risk factors and provide information and education about suicide and self-injury.
- Encourage help seeking behaviors by helping your child identify adults they can trust at home, school and community.

SMH Clinics and Wellness Centers

North Valley Clinic

6651-A Balboa Blvd., Van Nuys 91406 Tel: 818-758-2300 | Fax: 818-996-9850

West

Crenshaw Wellness Center

3206 W. 50th St., Los Angeles 90043 Tel: 323-290-7737 | Fax: 323-290-7713

Hyde Park Clinic

6519 S. 8th Ave., Bungalow #46, Los Angeles 90043 Tel: 323-750-5167 | Fax: 323-759-2697

Washington Wellness Center

1555 West 110th St., Los Angeles 90043 Tel: 323-241-1909 | Fax: 323-241-1918

South

97th Street School Mental Health Clinic

Barrett Elementary School 439 W. 97th St., Los Angeles 90003 Tel: 323-418-1055 | Fax: 323-418-3964

San Pedro Clinic

704 West 8th St., San Pedro 90731 Tel: 310-832-7545 | Fax: 310-833-8580

Locke Wellness Center

316 111th St., Los Angeles 90061 Tel: 323-418-1055 | Fax: 323-418-3964

Carson Wellness Center

270 East 223rd St., Carson 90745 Tel: 310-847-7216 | Fax: 310-847-7214

East

Bell/Cudahy School Mental Health Clinic

Ellen Ochoa Learning Center 7326 S. Wilcox, Cudahy 90201 Tel: 323-271-3676 | Fax: 323-271-3657

Ramona Clinic

231 S. Alma Ave., Los Angeles 90063 Tel: 323-266-7615 | Fax: 323-266-7695

Gage Wellness Center

2880 Zoe Ave., Huntington Park 90255 Tel: 323-826-9499 | Fax: 323-826-1524

Elizabeth LC Wellness Center

4811 Elizabeth St., Cudahy 90201 Tel: 323-271-3676 | Fax: 323-271-3657

Central

Belmont Wellness Center

180 Union Place, Los Angeles 90026 Tel: 213-241-4451 | Fax: 213-241-4465

Roybal Clinic

1200 West Colton St., Los Angeles 90026 Tel: 213-580-6415 | Fax: 213-241-4465

For clinic referrals visit: smh.lausd.net

General Information

- Self-injury (SI) provides a way to manage overwhelming feelings and can be a way to bond with peers (rite of togetherness).
- SI is defined as intentional tissue damage that can include cutting, severe scratching, pinching, stabbing, puncturing, ripping or pulling skin or hair, and burning.
- Tattoos and body piercing are not usually considered self-injurious behaviors, unless they are done with the intention to hurt the body.
- Individual mental health services can be effective when focused on reducing the negative thoughts and environmental factors that trigger SI.

Non-Suicidal Self-Injury

There is a difference between self-injury and suicidal acts, thoughts, and intentions. With suicide, ending life to escape all feelings is the goal. This is not the case with non-suicidal self-injury (NSSI). The following include some reasons for NSSI:

- Feel emotionally better
- Desperation or anger
- Manage painful feelings of current or past trauma
- Punish oneself
- Avoid or combat suicidal thoughts
- Feel pain or relief
- Have control of one's body

Signs of Self-Injury

- Frequent or unexplained bruises, scars, cuts, or burns
- Frequent inappropriate use of clothing designed to conceal wounds (often found on the arms, thighs or abdomen)
- Unwillingness to participate in activities that require less body coverage (swimming, physical education class)
- Secretive behaviors, spending unusual amounts of time in the bedroom, bathroom or isolated areas
- Bruises on the neck, headaches, red eyes, ropes/clothing/belts tied in knots (signs of the "choking game")
- · General signs of depression, social-emotional isolation and disconnectedness
- Possession of sharp implements (razor blades, shards of glass, thumb tacks)
- Evidence of self-injury in drawings, journals, pictures, texts, and social networking sites

Resources for Parents/Caregivers & Children/Adolescents

Community Hotlines

Didi Hirsch Suicide Prevention Hotline (877) 727-4747 (24 hours) National Suicide Prevention Lifeline (800) 273-TALK (8255) (24 hours) Trevor Lifeline (866) 488-7386 (24 hours) Teen Line (800) 852-8336 (6pm-10pm daily)

Text and Chat Resources

Crisis Chat (11am-11pm, daily) http://www.crisischat.org/chat Teen Line - text "TEEN" to 839863

Online Resources

http://www.didihirsch.org/ http://www.thetrevorproject.org/ http://teenline.org/ http://www.afsp.org/understanding-suicide

Smartphone Apps

MY3 Teen Line Youth Yellow Pages





USE SCHOOL LETTERHEAD

Sample Letter to Parent/Guardian RE: Self-Injury

DATE

Dear Parents/Guardians:

On ______, many students in a _____ grade classroom were involved in hurting themselves outside of their classrooms. These students were involved in using razor blades to cut themselves. Our mental health staff has advised us that this is known as a "rite of togetherness" in which students choose to bond together by hurting themselves. The _______School Crisis Team and staff are working collaboratively with the Department of Mental Health, Los Angeles School Police Department and Local District Office staff. We believe we have identified all the students involved and have responded to each individually.

I would like to take this opportunity invite you to attend an important informational meeting for parents regarding youth who self-injure and how we can help our children. We hope you can join us. The parent meeting will be held as follows:

SCHOOL NAME LOCATION DATE TIME

Also, please see the attached handout "Self-Injury and Youth – General Guidelines for Parents" for suggestions on how to respond to your child. At _______ School, the safety of every student and staff member is very important to us. Should you or your child have any concerns, please feel free to contact _______ (school psychologist, nurse, or administrator) at (XXX) XXX-XXXX. We are all involved in creating a safe environment for our students.

Sincerely,

NAME, Principal

For a copy of the sample letter in Microsoft Word and in Spanish, visit <u>http://suicideprevention.lausd.net</u>.

RESOURCE GUIDE

This list includes selected offices and community resources that can be helpful before, during and after a crisis. **Remember that your first call in a life-threatening emergency should be to 911**. To reach specific personnel, refer to the LAUSD Guide to Offices at <u>www.lausd.net</u>, under "Offices".

EMERGENCY RESOURCES

LA County Department of Mental Health ACCESS (Psychiatric Mobile Response Team) - 24/7 -collaborates with Crisis Counseling & Intervention Services for the administration and coordination of all mental health and law enforcement mobile response services in the event of a critical incident, including Psychiatric Mobile Response Teams (PMRT) and School Threat Assessment Response Teams (START). These teams respond to schools, offices, and homes.	(800) 854-7771
Valley Coordinated Children's Services - a County funded resource to provide crisis intervention, assessment, short term stabilization and treatment, and evaluation and referral for psychiatric mobile response team. This agency serves children ages 3 - 17 years old in the San Fernando Valley.	(818) 708-4500
Mental Evaluation Unit (MEU), including SMART - for law enforcement and mental health response, when an individual is a flight risk, violent, or high risk for harm to self or others.	(213) 996-1300 (213) 996-1334
CRISIS LINES	
National Suicide Prevention Lifeline (24-hour hotline) – a crisis line for individuals who are contemplating, threatening, or attempting suicide, including their family and friends.	(800) 273-8255 (800) 273-TALK
Suicide Prevention Crisis Line (24-hour hotline) - a 24-hour crisis line for individuals who are contemplating, threatening, or attempting suicide, including their family and friends.	(877) 727-4747
California Youth Crisis Line (24-hours hotline, bilingual)	(800) 843-5200
Trevor Project (24-hour hotline) - provides crisis intervention and suicide prevention services to lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender and questioning (LGBTQ) young people ages 13-24. Text and chat also available, with limited hours-visit <u>www.thetrevorproject.org</u> for more information.	(866) 4-U-TREVOR (866) 488-7386

Teen Line (6PM – 10PM) - a teen-to-teen hotline with community outreach services, from 6pm-10pm PST daily. Text, email and message board also available, with limited hours-visit <u>http://teenlineonline.org</u> for more information.	(800) 852-8336 (800) TLC-TEEN	
Parents, Families and Friends of Lesbians & Gays (PFLAG) Helpline - for individuals or families experiencing issues related to sexual orientation and/or gender identity.	(888) 735-2488	
LA County INFO Line (24-hour hotline) – for community resources and information within Los Angeles County.	211 www.211la.org	

LAUSD RESOURCES				
Los Angeles School Police Department (LASPD) Watch Commander (24/7-entire year)	(213) 625-6631			
School Mental Health (including Crisis Counseling & Intervention Services) – for consultation Monday-Friday from 8:00am-4:30pm	(213) 241-3841			
Division of Special Education, Behavior Support Unit	(213) 241-8051			
Education Equity Compliance Office	(213) 241-7682			
Human Relations, Diversity and Equity – School Operations	(213) 241-5337			
Local District (LD) Operations Coordinators	Refer to LD Directory			
Office of Communications	(213) 241-6766			
Office of General Counsel	(213) 241-7600			
School Operations Division	(213) 241-5337			
Student Discipline Proceedings and Expulsion Unit	(213) 202-7555			

ONLINE RESOURCES

School Mental Health, LAUSD - <u>http://smh.lausd.net</u> - for information and referral forms for mental health services at clinics and Wellness Centers throughout the District.

Suicide Prevention, Crisis Counseling and Intervention Services - <u>http://suicideprevention.lausd.net</u> or <u>http://ccis.lausd.net</u> - for information and resources related to suicide prevention, intervention and postvention services.

National Suicide Prevention Lifeline – <u>www.suicidepreventionlifeline.org</u> – for resources including therapy and support group finder, self-care, education on risk factors and warning signs, and safety planning. Also includes information for Spanish speakers, hearing impaired individuals, and service members.

TEEN LINE - <u>http://teenlineonline.org</u> - text, email and message board also available, with limited hours-visit website for more information.

The Trevor Project -<u>www.thetrevorproject.org</u> - provides crisis intervention and suicide prevention services to lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender and questioning (LGBTQ) young people ages 13-24. Text and chat also available, with limited hours-visit website for more information.

Family Acceptance Project – <u>http://familyproject.sfsu.edu</u> - for research-based, culturally grounded approaches to helping ethnically, socially and religiously diverse families decrease rejection and increase support for their LGBT children.

"My3" App - <u>http://www.my3app.org/safety-planning/</u> - a safety planning tool that allows users to create a safety plan programmed with 3 supportive contact people, the National Suicide Prevention Lifeline, and 911.

Suicide Prevention for Schools in Los Angeles County - <u>http://preventsuicide.lacoe.edu</u> – for resources, training modules, handouts, data, and research as it relates to youth suicide prevention, intervention, postvention and self-injury.

LAUSD Staff/Responder Emergency Plan - <u>http://achieve.lausd.net/emergencyapps</u> - mobile application.